Carleton University

Department of Law & Legal Studies

Course Outline

COURSE:		LAWS 4308 C
Term:		Winter 2014
PREREQUISITES:		Fourth-year Honours standing and LAWS 2302.
CLASS:	•	Tuesdays, 8:35 – 11:35 Please check Carleton Central for current room location
INSTRUCTOR:		Professor Diana Young
Contact:	Office Hrs: Telephone:	LA C574 Mondays and Tuesdays 12:00 to 1:00 pm or by appointment 613-520-2600 ex 1981 Diana_Young@carleton.ca

You may need special arrangements to meet your academic obligations during the term. For an accommodation request the processes are as follows:

Pregnancy obligation: write to me with any requests for academic accommodation during the first two weeks of class, or as soon as possible after the need for accommodation is known to exist. For more details visit the Equity Services website: <u>http://www2.carleton.ca/equity/</u>

Religious obligation: write to me with any requests for academic accommodation during the first two weeks of class, or as soon as possible after the need for accommodation is known to exist. For more details visit the Equity Services website: <u>http://www2.carleton.ca/equity/</u>

Academic Accommodations for Students with Disabilities: The Paul Menton Centre for Students with Disabilities (PMC) provides services to students with Learning Disabilities (LD), psychiatric/mental health disabilities, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD), Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD), chronic medical conditions, and impairments in mobility, hearing, and vision. If you have a disability requiring academic accommodations in this course, please contact PMC at 613-520-6608 or pmc@carleton.ca for a formal evaluation. If you are already registered with the PMC, contact your PMC coordinator to send me your *Letter of Accommodation* at the beginning of the term, and no later than two weeks before the first in-class scheduled test or exam requiring accommodation (*if applicable*). After requesting accommodation from PMC, meet with me to ensure accommodation arrangements are made. Please consult the PMC website for the deadline to request accommodations for the formally-scheduled exam (*if applicable*) at http://www2.carleton.ca/pmc/new-and-current-students/dates-and-deadlines/

You can visit the Equity Services website to view the policies and to obtain more detailed information on academic accommodation at http://www2.carleton.ca/equity/

COURSE DESCRIPTION

The Criminal Justice System carries a heavy burden in our society. The process of sentencing brings this burden into sharp focus. We look to punishment as a means of restoring and maintaining order, assuaging the public's anxieties by creating a sense of security, articulating society's values, recognizing the harm caused to victims and reasserting their moral worth, and perhaps affirming our own status as members of the law-abiding public through the creation of a stigmatized criminal class. But we also expect sentences to rehabilitate offenders, by encouraging a sense of personal responsibility for the harm caused by the offence and by attempting to address the underlying problems - addiction, psychological disorders, social location - that may have contributed to its commission.

This course aims to provide students with a grasp of general sentencing theory and principles, the variety of sentencing options that are available to judges and the considerations that may influence sentencing decisions. The material will also cover a discussion of some alternatives to traditional forms of punishment and their potential for reconciling the often conflicting principles and interests at stake in the sentencing process.

The course will also explore the diffuse nature of the power to punish. Legal doctrine and principle only tell part of the story with respect to sentencing practices, and we will see that a complete discussion of sentencing must include an examination of a complex web of interactions between the law, the discretionary powers exercised by such actors as police, probation officers and Crown Attorneys, and the influences flowing from other kinds of professionals and various communities in society as a whole. Finally, the course will include consideration of the offender's actual experience of punishment, particularly imprisonment, over which the sentencing court has limited control.

REQUIRED TEXT

Articles, book chapters, and government documents that are assigned will be available on line through Ares. Court cases included in the assigned readings will be posted on CULearn.

EVALUATION

(All components must be completed in order to receive a passing grade)

Take-Home Assignment – 20% of final grade:

You will be given a brief take-home assignment, for which you will be required to write a response to two out of three questions. The assignment will be distributed in class on March 4 and will be due on March 18. Your response to each question should be three or four pages in length, double spaced.

Research Paper – 50% of final grade:

You will be required to submit a 10 to 12-page research paper dealing with a sentencing issue of your choice. You may select an aspect of sentencing that we have discussed in class; however, please remember that your research and analysis are expected to go beyond the material we cover in class. You will also be asked to submit a very brief outline of your topic to the instructor for approval. This will help to ensure that your proposed topic is feasible and that it will meet the course requirements. The paper is due on April 8.

Group Presentations - 20% of final grade:

Students will be divided into six groups, each of which will be responsible for presenting a sentencing topic to the rest of the class. Groups may distribute a handout or readings to the class the week prior to the scheduled presentations. The presentations will be 45 minutes to an hour in length, and will be followed by discussion. Other members of the class will be asked to provide brief written feedback on the presentations.

Class Participation – 10% of final grade

Extensions on assignments will only be granted in extenuating circumstances, such as a verifiable medical condition or family emergency. Students requesting extensions will be required to provide appropriate documentation.

SCHEDULE

January 7

Introduction to course

Readings: Robert Cover, "Violence and the Word" (1986) 95 Yale L.J. 1601

January 14

Readings: R.A. Duff, "Consequentialists, Retributivists, and Abolitionists" in Punishment, Communication, and Community (New York: Oxford University Press, Inc., 2001)
R. v. Brush [1995] O.J. No. 656
R. v. Sinclair [2004] M.J. No. 144
Dianne Martin, "Distorting the Prosecution Process: Informers, Mandatory Minimum Sentences and Wrongful Convictions" (2001) 39 Osgoode Hall L. J. 513
Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, "Adult Criminal Court Statistics, (2010/2011, 2011/2012)"

- a) Why punish?
- theories of punishment: justifications for the infliction of harm
- b) Judicial discretion
- discretion and the rule of law
- Mandatory minimum sentences
- c) Resource management and the public face of fairness
- Non-judicial sites of discretion
 - i) plea bargains: private negotiations and public consequences
 - ii) defining the offence

January 21

Readings: R. v. Arcand (2010) ABCA 363, 264 C.C.C. (3d) 134, 40 Alta. L.R. (5th) **paras. 1-70** *R. v. Hamilton* (2004) O.R. (3d) 1

- a) Sentencing reform
- legislative attempts to circumscribe judicial discretion and the problem of disparity
- sentencing principles and purposes
 - b) Special cases Social location and judgment in sentencing

January 28

Readings: R. v. Arcand paras 92-181

Michelle S. Lawrence and Simon N. Verdun-Jones, *Sentencing Hate: An Examination of the Application of s. 718.2(a)(i) of the Criminal Code on the Sentencing of Hate-Motivated Offences* (2011) 57 Crim. L.Q. 28

Leslie J. Moran, *The Emotional Dimensions of Lesbian and Gay Demands for Hate Crime Reform* (2004) 49 McGill L.J. 925

R. v. F.A.G.[2003] Y.J. No. 130;

- a) Ranges and starting points
- b) aggravating and mitigating factors

- Hate crimes
- The identity of victims
- The politics of sentencing

February 4

Readings:

R. v. Poorman (1991), 93 Sask. R. 1, 66 C.C.C. (3d) 82. *R. v. Hildebrandt* (2005), SKPC 35, Sask. R. 163, 198 C.C.C. (3d) 546. Kelly Hannah-Moffat et al., *Negotiated Risk: Actuarial Illusions and Discretion in Probation* (2009) 24 Can. J. of Law and Society 391.

- a) fact-finding
- the evidentiary basis for discretion
- the role of experts

February 11

Readings:

R. v. Arcand paras. 71-91, 182-298;

Excerpt from R. v. Latimer [2001] 1 S.C.R. 3.

Nicola Lacey and Lucia Zedner, "Discourses of Community in Criminal Justice" (1995) 22 J. of Law and Society 301.

Diana Young, "Power and Resistance in Community-Based Sentencing" in Dawn Moore and Aaron Doyle, eds., *Critical Criminology in Canada* (Vancouver: UBC Press, 2011).

Sentencing and Courts of Appeal

- a) disparity and deference
- b) Charter issues in sentencing
- the rule of law and conceptions of equality

Sentencing Options

- a) Sentencing options and the principles of sentencing
- b) "Community based" sentencing
- Decreasing the prison population
- Conditional sentences
- Communities and the criminal justice system policy and commitment

February 18

******Reading Week*****

February 25

Readings: Michael Jackson, "Administrative Segregation, The Litmus Test of Legitimacy" in Michael Jackson, *Justice Behind the Walls: Human Rights in Canadian Prisons* (Vancouver: Douglas & McIntyre, 2002) 287

Mary E. Campbell, "Gone but Not Forgotten: Should Judges Be Allowed to Remedy by Re-Sentencing?" (2006) Canadian Journal of Criminology and Criminal Justice 48

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Martin Silverstein, "The Ties that Bind: Family Surveillance of Canadian Parolees" (2001) 42 The Sociological Quarterly 395. *TBA*

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- a) Prison
- Corrections and the legitimacy of sentencing "Violence and the Word" and the prison experience
- Parole as imprisonment

March 4

Readings: R. v. Gladue [1999] 1 S.C.R. 688 (headnote).

Excerpt from R. v. Ipeelee [2012] 1 S.C.R. 433.

Jane Dickson-Gilmore and Carole La Prairie, "Testing the "Magic": Sentencing Circles in Aboriginal Community Restorative Justice" in Jane Dickson-Gilmore and Carol La Prairie, *Will the Circle Be Unbroken? Aboriginal Communities, Restorative Justice, and the Challenges of Conflict and Change* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 2007) 132.

Don Clairmont, *The Development of an Aboriginal Criminal Justice System: The Case of Elsipogtog* (2013) 64 U.N.B.L.J. 160.

Frederic Megret, Is There Ever a Right to One's Own Law? (2912) 45 Israel Law Rev. 3.

a) Aboriginal people and the criminal justice system

- Problems in equality and the rule of law
- Sentencing as a means of addressing discrimination and discrimination in sentencing

Take-home assignment distributed

March 11

March 18

Rob White, "Restorative Justice and Social Inequality" in Bernard Schissel and Carolyn Brooks, eds., *Marginality and Condemnation* (Black Point, N.S.: Fernwood Publishing, 2002) 381 Marie Manikis, *Recognizing Victims' Role During Plea Bargaining* (2012) 58 Crim L.Q. 411. Rahmi Goel, "Aboriginal Women and Political Pursuit in Canadian Sentencing Circles" in James Ptacek, ed., *Restorative Justice and Violence Against Women* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2010) 60.

TBA

- a) Sentencing and the Role of Victims
- b) Restorative justice
- Some restorative justice initiatives what are we restoring?
- Community based sentencing revisited Who are victims and what do we mean by "community"?
- Other sentencing alternatives: Family Group Conferences and Victim-Offender Mediation
- Sentencing circles and Aboriginal justice self-determination and the criminal justice system's conception of Aboriginal culture

Take-home assignment due

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March 25

Group Presentations: Group 1 – Drug Treatment Courts Group 2 – Dangerous Offenders

April 1

Group Presentations: Group 3 – Post-sentence surveillance of sex offenders: Offender Registration programs, Criminal Code s. 810.1 Group 4 – Mentally III Offenders

April 8

Group Presentations: Group 5 – Sentencing Youth Group 6 – Women and Prison

Term paper due