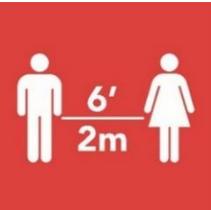


Infection Prevention Guidelines for Field Work

Note: Before beginning research, the Principal Investigator must submit a Plan for Research Resumption and receive approval from the OVPRI. All research must be undertaken in accordance with the [Principles and Procedures for On-campus Research at Carleton University](#).

This checklist is intended to aid field work and research teams in planning to ramp-up operations, to minimize potential disruptions, and to ensure the safety of all returning staff, faculty and students to field work operations. These COVID-19 infection prevention guidelines are in addition to standard laboratory safety practices as outlined in Carleton's [Labsafety program](#) (e.g. Training, Labsafety Manual). Principal Investigators must ensure supplied materials (i.e. disinfectants, PPE, face coverings) are available and procedures are established. They also must anticipate the need to quickly ramp down research if Public Health recommendations change.

GENERAL	
Communicate to all research staff and students the steps taken to ensure a safe workplace and what each person can do themselves.	
Educate faculty, staff and students on areas of potential transmission within the workspace, including specific activities.	
All faculty, staff and students are required to complete the COVID-19 Daily Campus Access and Screening Form before entering a building on Carleton campus and follow any additional approval processes that have been put in place within your unit, department or Faculty.	
If you are sick, or someone at home is sick, DO NOT come to campus. Inform your supervisor and complete the COVID-19 symptom reporting form .	
If you become sick while working, STOP the work, self-isolate and inform your supervisor electronically and complete the COVID-19 symptom reporting form . Follow Ottawa Public Health Guidelines for self isolation.	
Educate employees and students that everyone is responsible to evaluate their health consistently. If they are sick, develop flu-like symptoms or someone at home is sick then you must remain home.	
Faculty, staff and students must complete COVID 19-Infection Prevention Training.	
PHYSICAL DISTANCING	
Are there non-essential tasks you can minimize, postpone or eliminate?	
If possible, continue to work remotely.	
Practice physical distancing (staying 2 metres away from others) during work activities and during breaks.	
Control and limit the number of people in a workspace (vehicle/worksites) at one time if 2 metre distancing is not possible.	
Implement job rotation and shift changes when possible to have fewer individuals doing the same task in the same workspace.	
Install barriers or partitions between yourself and other coworkers within vehicles when possible.	
Use your vehicle's climate control system and/or open windows to improve fresh air intake/air circulation. Increased airflow can reduce contaminant build up.	
If possible, assign each individual to their own equipment or schedule use of shared equipment.	
Consider physical distancing when choosing your accommodations (i.e., 1 per room or tent) if possible.	

USE OF MASKS	
As outlined in the CU Mask Policy , non-medical masks are required in enclosed public spaces and in non-public spaces when in the presence of others and you are not able to consistently maintain a two-meter physical distance, or where maintaining such distance could be unpredictable or impossible (such as high-traffic areas, hallways, common rooms or elevators).	
Masks prevent transmission by blocking the release of exhaled respiratory particles into the environment. And studies demonstrate that a well fitting, tightly woven, multiple layer face covering can reduce the wearers' exposure to infectious droplets through filtration.	
Continue using the typical approved PPE required for working safely in your area.	
Do not share PPE between workers.	
Ensure the laboratory has the PPE required to work safely in the lab.	
Remove PPE in a manner that minimizes potential transmission.	
HAND HYGIENE	
Disinfect your hands as soon as you come into work through the use of good handwashing techniques or use alcohol-based hand sanitizer	
If soap and running water will not be immediately available in field research location, ensure a supply of hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol is available.	
Disinfect your hands after interacting with co-workers and/or completing tasks where you come into contact with shared surfaces or equipment or after removing your laboratory gloves.	
If you cough or sneeze, cover your nose and mouth with a tissue or your arm. Immediately dispose of your tissue and wash your hands.	
CLEANING AND DISINFECTION	
Implement twice a day cleaning of all commonly handled shared items. This should be completed at the start of the day, or if multiple shifts are in place, at the start of each shift.	
Maintain your normal disinfection protocols and consider expanding them to frequently touched surfaces in your workshop.	
Clean all shared equipment and tools before and immediately after use.	
FIELD WORK SPECIFIC STARTUP CONSIDERATIONS	
Ensure you have an adequate stock of research PPE, consumables, and face coverings (if required) before beginning work.	
Complete a walk through of the field space and complete a visual inspection looking for any evidence of problems before beginning work. Review spaces for physical distancing as part of inspection	
Review equipment manuals for safe start-up instructions.	
While physical distancing, avoid working alone in hazardous situations. Review and comply with Working Alone Guidelines.	

Please forward any questions you may have to EHS@carleton.ca.