#### Requirements (1)



**Building envelope** must be 25% better than NBC (9.36) and local code

#### Requirements (2)

**Purchased Energy** - Exported energy

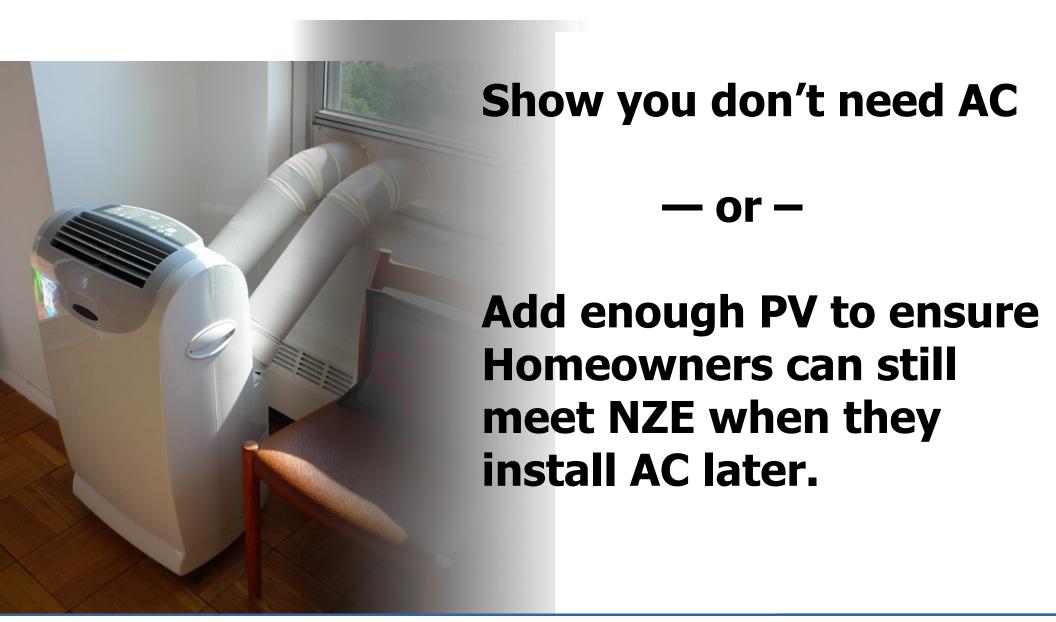
**Biomass & renewably** sourced electricity still count as purchased energy\_\_\_





0 GJ

#### Requirements (3)







#### Requirements (4)



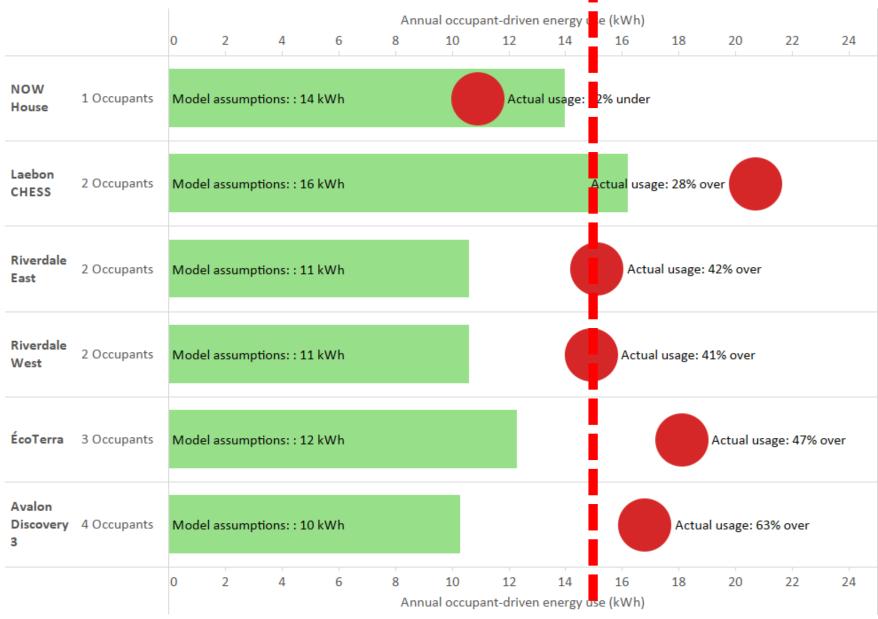
Equipment certified and tested to recognized performance / installation standards



Performance evaluated using HOT2000 & NRCan-approved work-arounds

#### **Plug loads:**

### New requirements are more stringent









#### **NRCan NZEH-Pilot:**

19 Applicants

#### ecoEII Innovation NZEH

5 participants, 25 homes





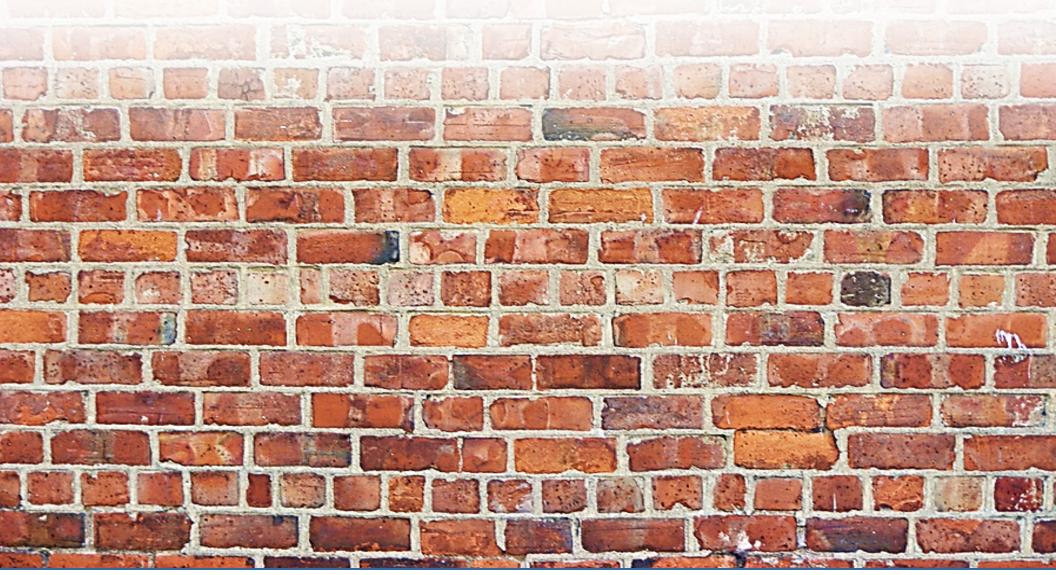




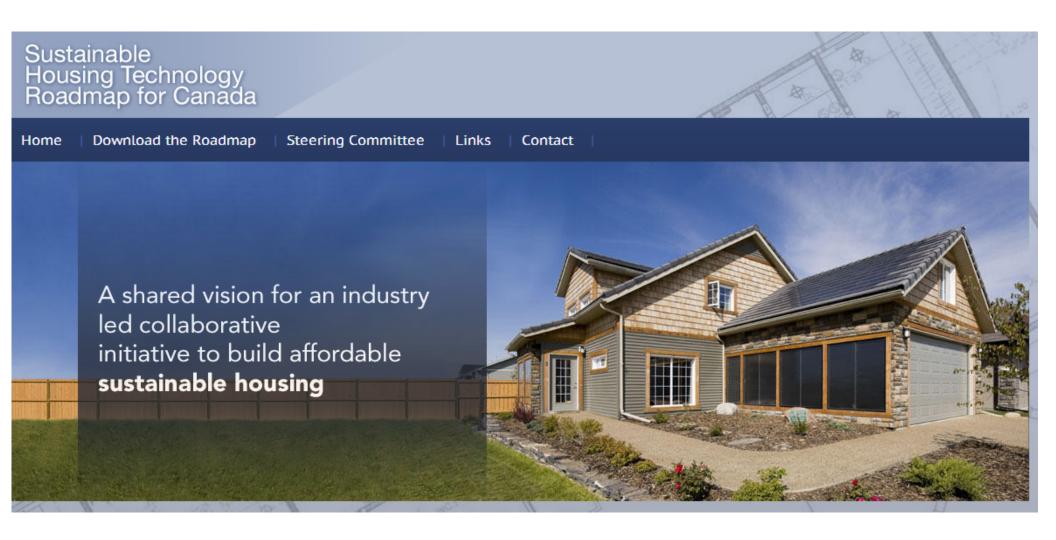




#### #4 What barriers are keeping Net-Zero out of mainstream home production?



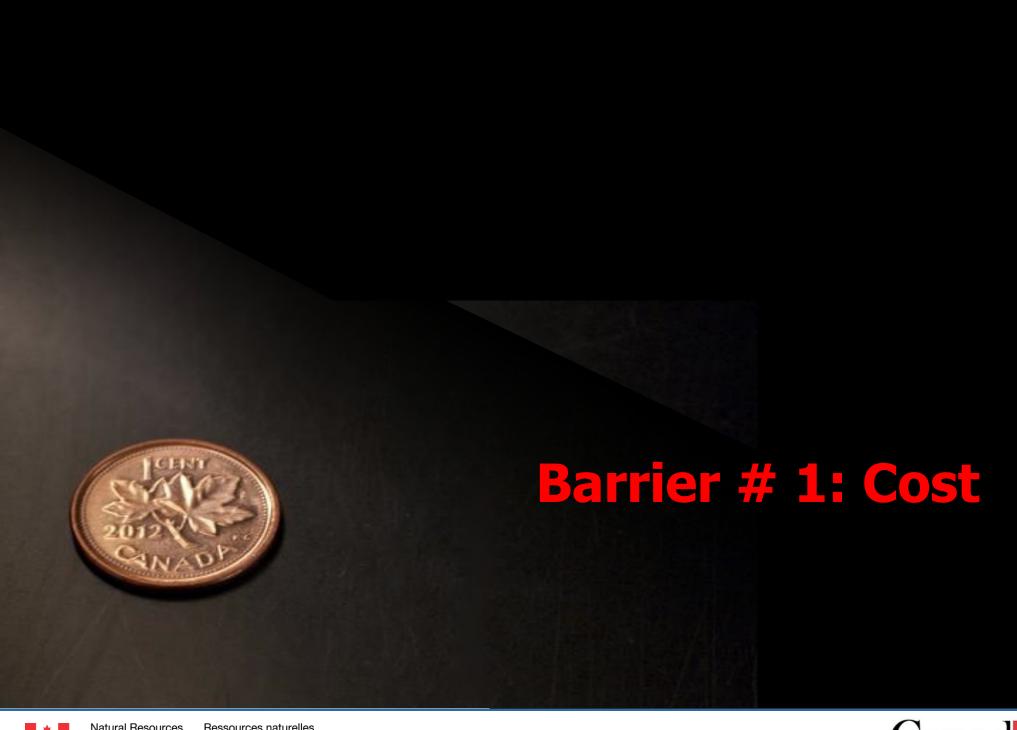




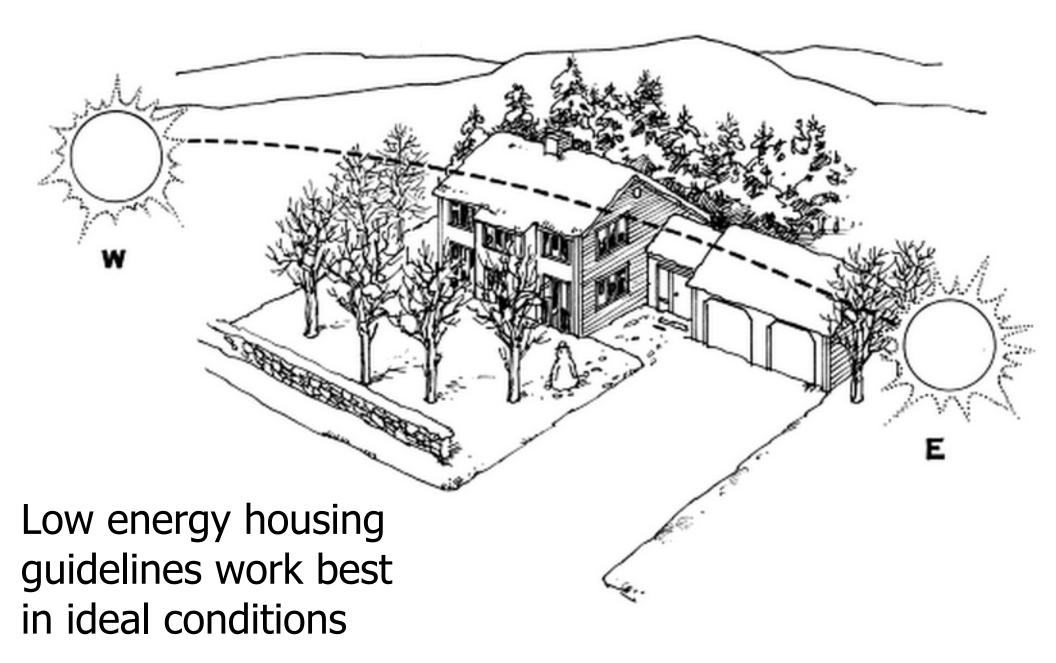
See <a href="http://shtrm.ca/">http://shtrm.ca/</a>







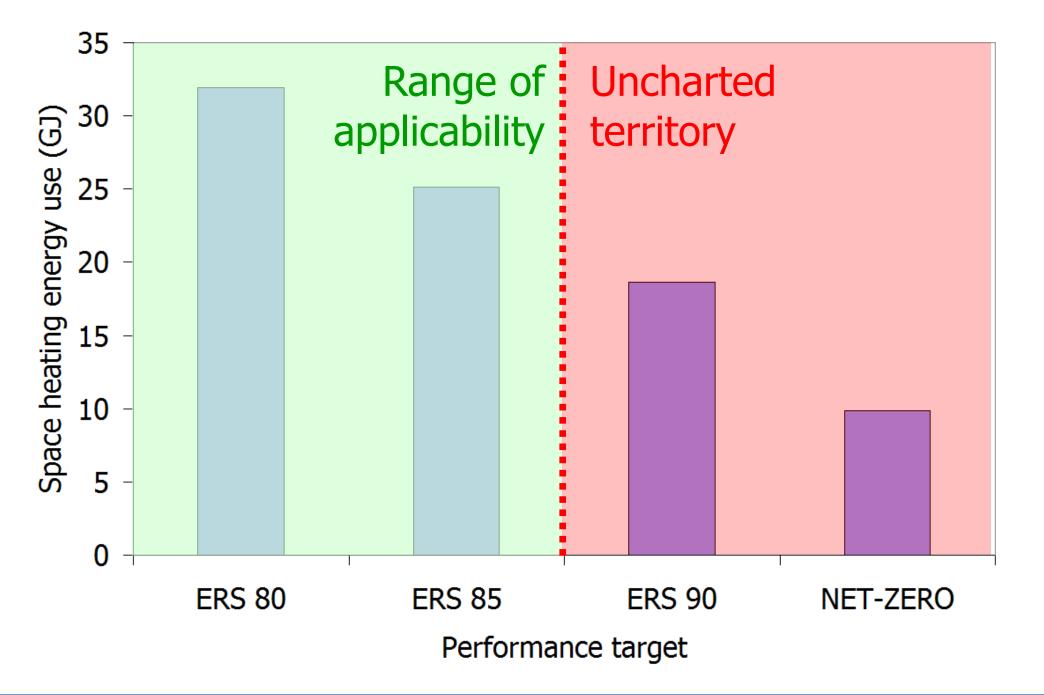




[Image excerpted from J. Kachadorian 1997, The passive solar house]

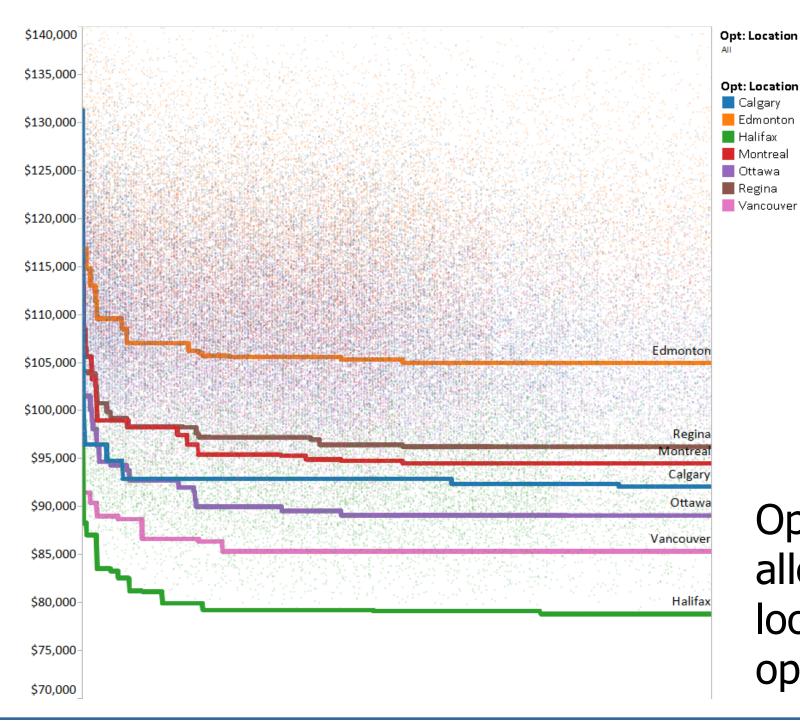












Optimization allows us to look at all the options





## Evidence from optimization points to lower cost solutions that meet builder needs

Opt: Air Tightness: **0.6 ACH** 

GOtag:Opt-BasementSlabInsulation: R12EdgeP6
GOtag:Opt-BasementWallInsulation: Rigid+Batt-R30

Opt: Window Spec.: **Dbl Arg Hard C.** 

GOtag:Opt-Ceilings: **R90**Opt: DHW heating: **Electric HP** 

GOtag:Opt-ExposedFloor: BaseExpFloor-R31

GOtag:Opt-FloorSurface: wood

GOtag:Opt-FrontWindows: **NoExtraWin** Opt: Heating/Cooling: **Furnace + AC** 

Opt: Location: Ottawa

Opt: Main Wall: DblStud-R52-Wall

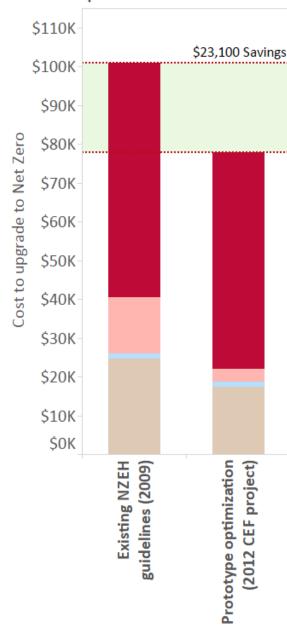
Solar & DHWR: 1-flat-plate UpgradeCost: Total: \$104,668

NetUtilityCosts: -\$446 PVSizekW: 13.800



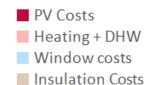


#### Improvements through optimization: 2011-2012



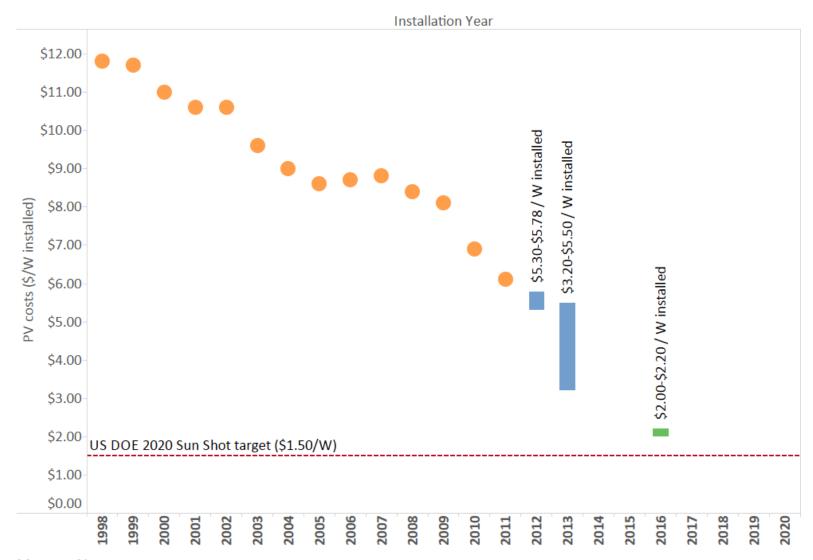
New combinations of existing technology yields 22% savings

(component costs are constant between these scenarios, PV at \$5.80/W)





#### PV is now cheaper than we ever imagined



#### Measure Names

- DOE Historical PV median prices (1998-2011)
- Quotes from Canadian Suppliers (2011-2012)
- Builder target (2016)











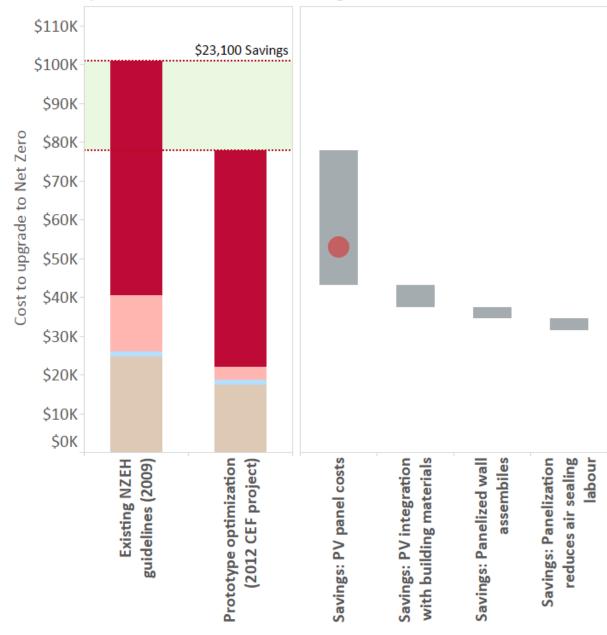


# Panelization: reducing insulation & sealing costs

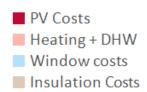




#### Projected component savings: 2012-2020



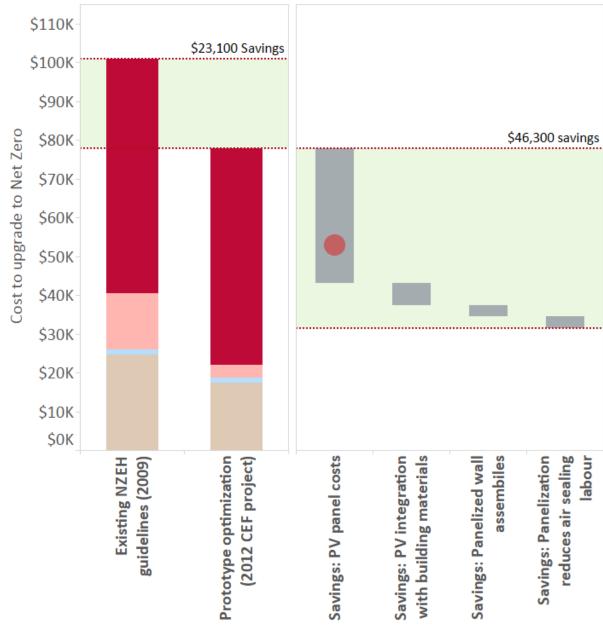
- Conventional PV costs near \$2.20/W
- BIPV incremental costs near \$1.50/W
- Panalization reduces envelope and airsealing costs







#### Projected component savings: 2012-2020

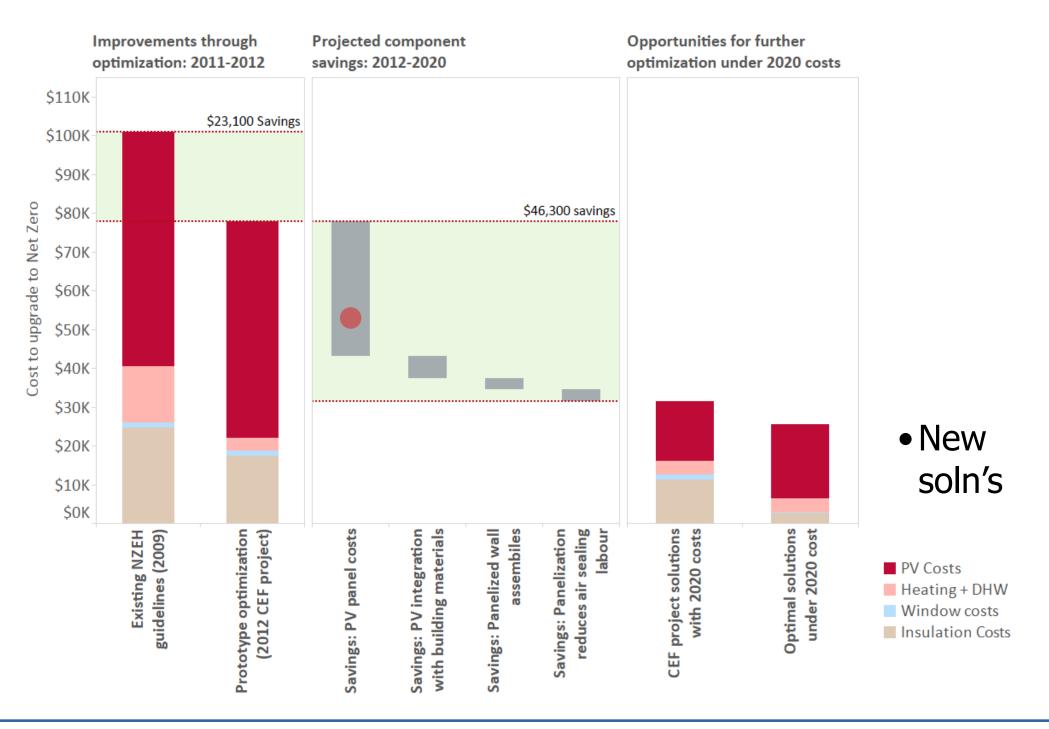


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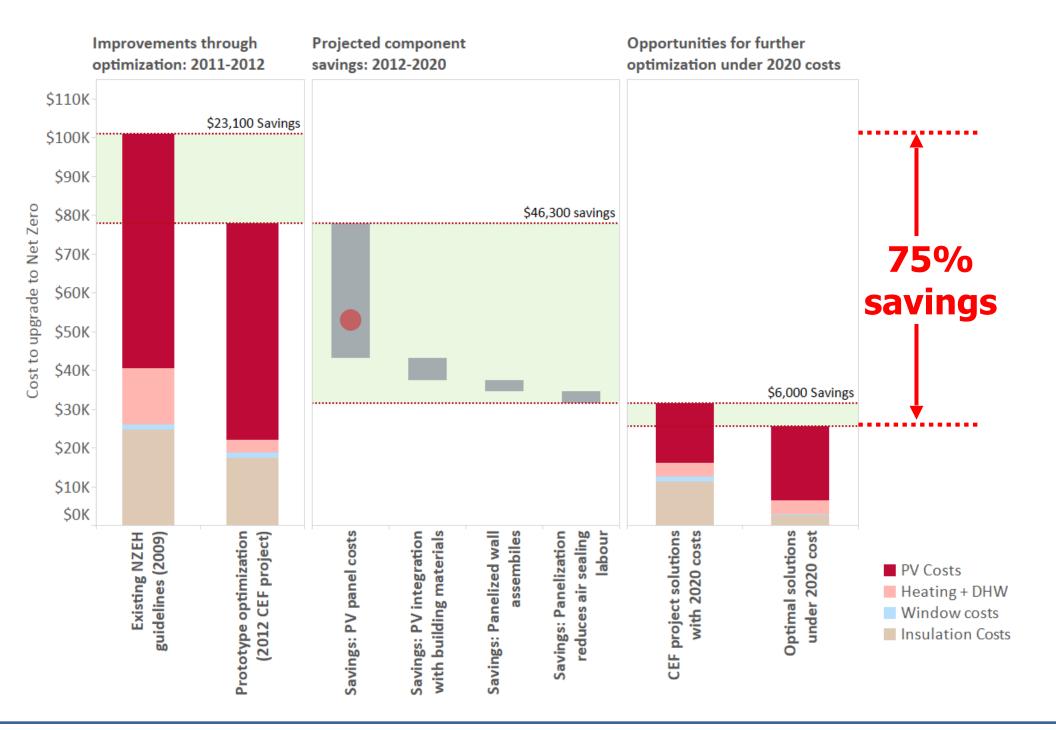


















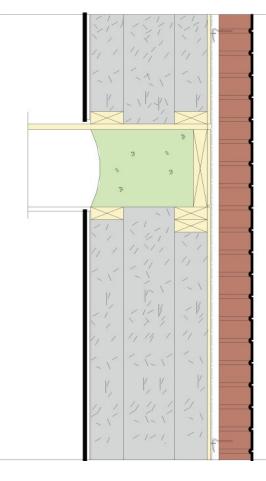






## **Everybody understands the value of insulation**





Double-stud walls are the housing equivalent of an arctic parka.

Thickness: 448mm

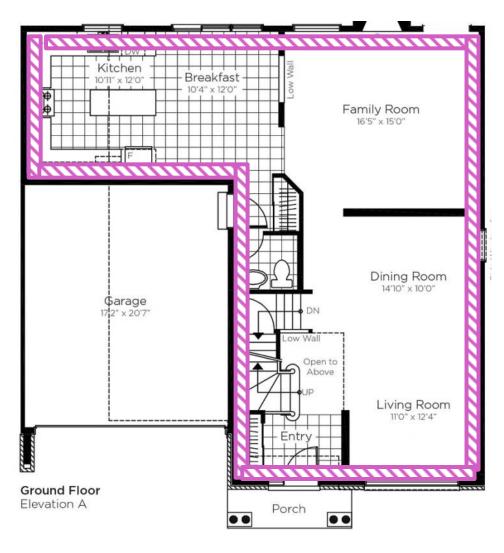
**RSI: 7.54** 

**Baseline** 



#### **Bigger walls = Smaller homes**





= Lost floor space (7%)

Source: Minto Group Inc.





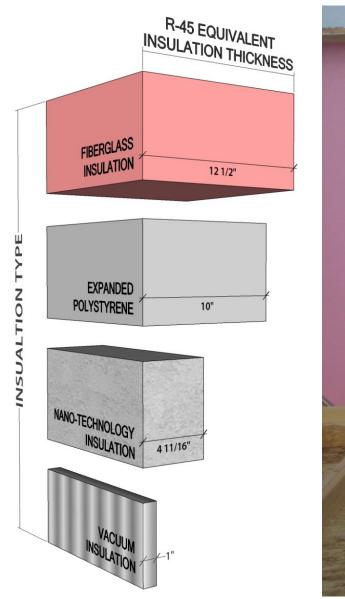
#### **Industry Need:** thin, high-R walls for new construction



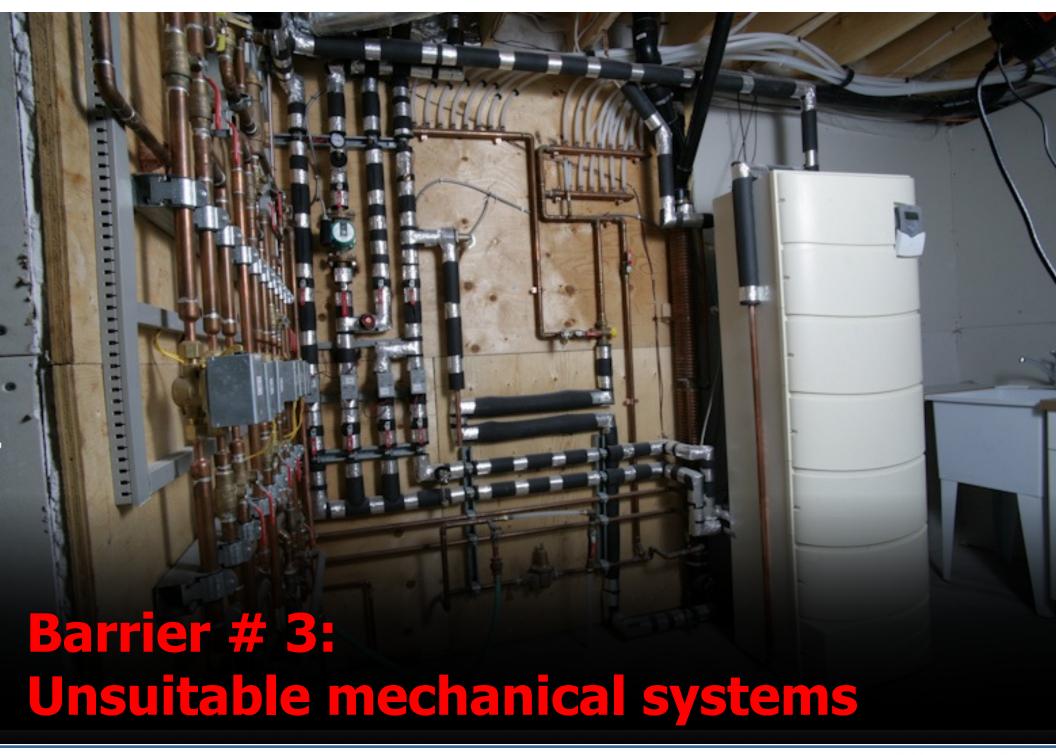
170 ft<sup>2</sup> in living space is worth \$25,000 in resale value



#### New materials promise high R-values But integration remains a challenge

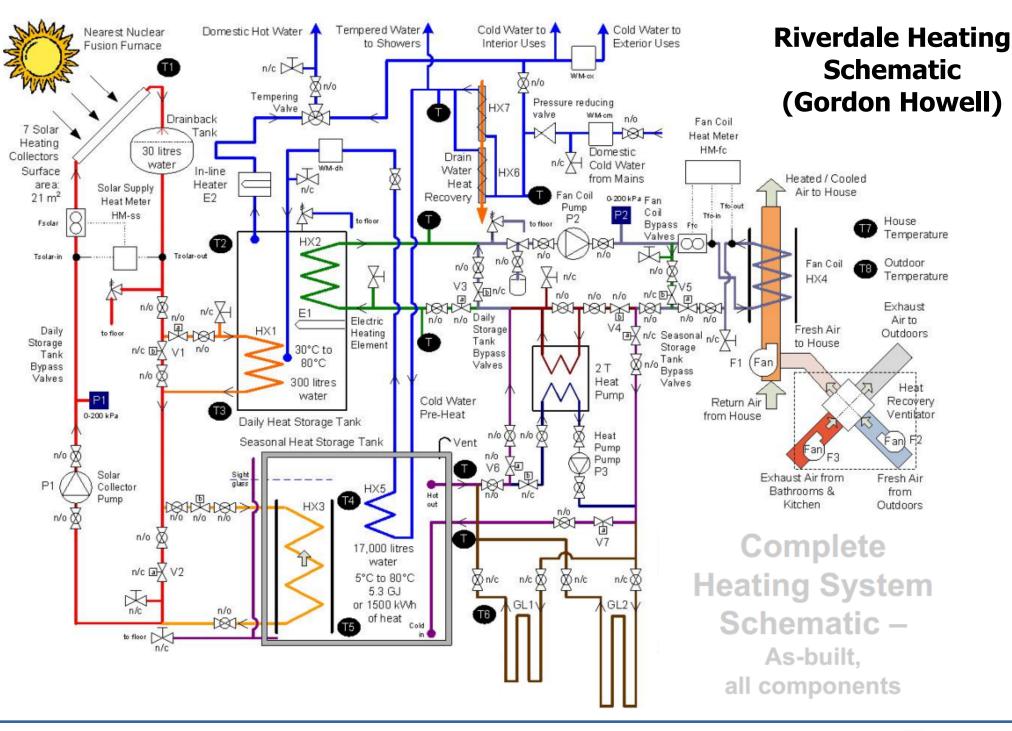
















#### Potential market, by design load

