

Identifying and characterizing key extreme weather impacts to crops at the regional scale

Anna Zaytseva ¹, Scott Mitchell ¹, Ruth Waldick ^{1,2}, Dan MacDonald ²

Chesterville, ON February 27, 2017

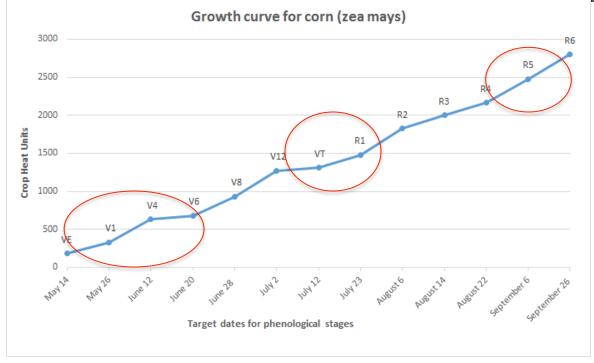
¹ Carleton University ² Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada

Extreme weather and agriculture

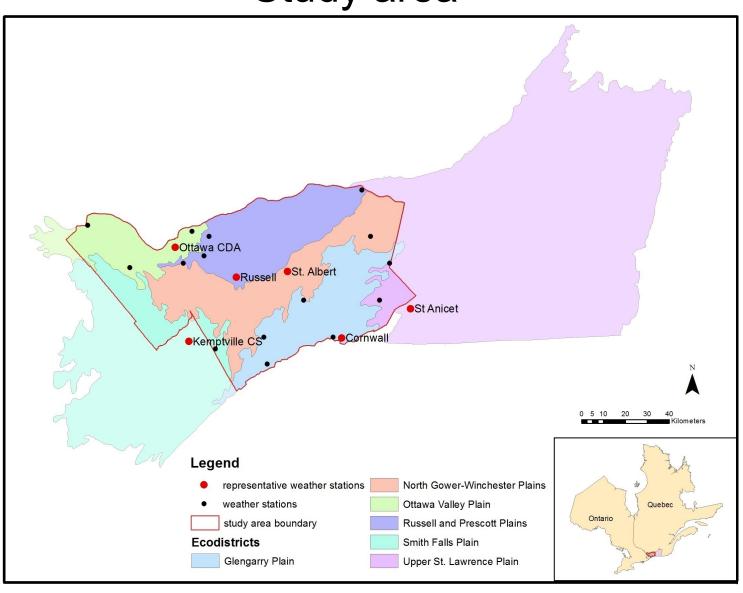








Study area



Indicator development

- Extensive literature review (close to 100 sources reviewed)
- Expert consultations (AAFC, OMAFRA)
- Crop tolerance thresholds to T and P conditions at various phenological stages were identified
- Yield loss percentages associated with threshold exceedance were studied

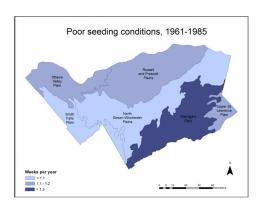
Corn-specific indices

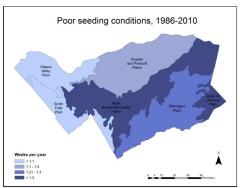
Index name	Definition	Units
Corn:		
Poor seeding conditions	Weekly precipitation 30% greater than weekly mean precipitation (between April 23 and May 20)	weeks/year
Early flooding	Weekly precipitation 30% greater than weekly mean precipitation with 1 to 780 accumulated CHUs	weeks/year
Pollination drought	CDD >10 with 1,301 to 1,600 accumulated CHUs	annual occurrence (Yes or No)
R2 (blister) drought	P<45mm with 1,601 to 1,825 accumulated CHUs	annual occurrence (Yes or No)
R3 (milk) drought	P<45mm with 1,826 to 2,000 accumulated CHUs	annual occurrence (Yes or No)
Early killing frost	Tmin <=-2°C with 2,165 to 2,475 accumulated CHUs	days/year
R4 (dough) drought	P<8mm with 2,001 to 2,165 accumulated CHUs	annual occurrence (Yes or No)
Fall killing frost	Tmin <=-2°C with 2,476 to 2,600 accumulated CHUs	days/year

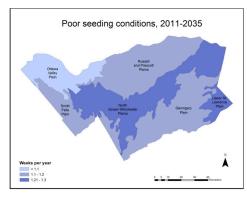
Soybean-specific indices

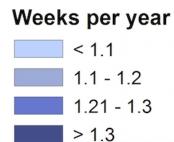
Index name	Definition	Units
Soybeans:		
Poor seeding conditions	Weekly precipitation 30% greater than weekly mean precipitation (weeks between May 7 and June 10)	weeks/year
Spring killing frost	Tmin <0°C 26 to 50 days after seeding	days/year
Early flooding	Precipitation 30% greater than weekly precipitation 25 to 45 days after seeding	weeks/year
Cool nights	Tmin <10°C for 5+ days 45-55 days after seeding	annual occurrence (Yes or No)
Warm nights	Tmin>=24°C 55 to 100 days after seeding	days/year
Mid-season flooding	Precipitation >90mm 60 to 80 days after seeding	annual occurrence (Yes or No)
Pod filling drought	Precipitation <10mm 81 to 95 days after seeding	annual occurrence (Yes or No)
Early killing frost	Tmin <-1°C between 90 and 100 days after seeding	days/year
Extreme heat	Mean Tmax>33°C 95-120 days after seeding	days/year
Fall killing frost	Tmin <-1°C 101 to 110 days after seeding;	days/year
Seed development drought	P<5mm 96-115 days after seeding	annual occurrence (Yes or No)

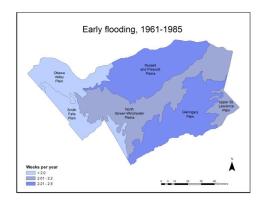
Results (Corn)

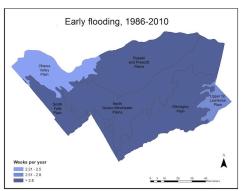


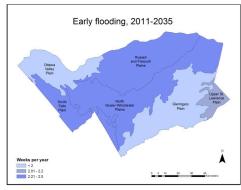






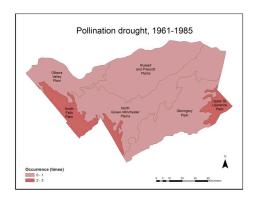


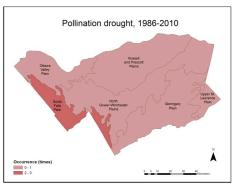


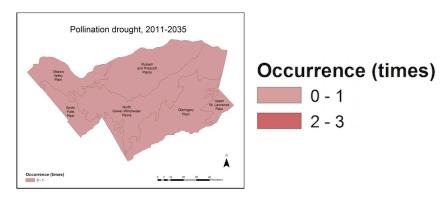


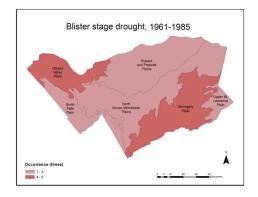


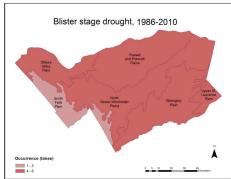
Results (Corn)

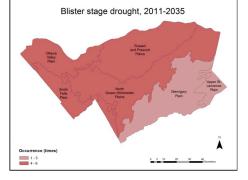






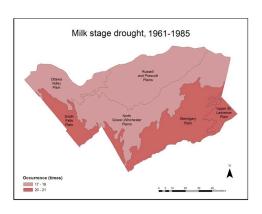


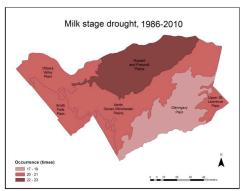


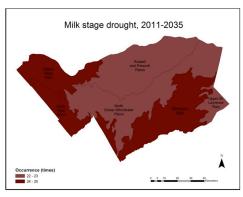


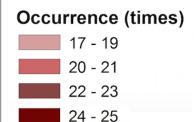


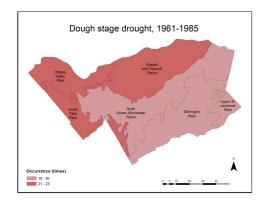
Results (Corn)

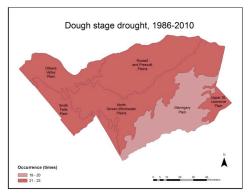


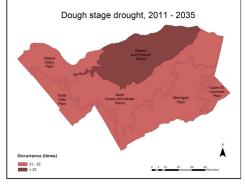


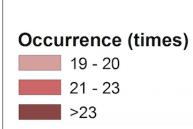




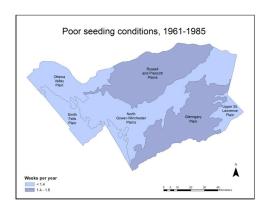


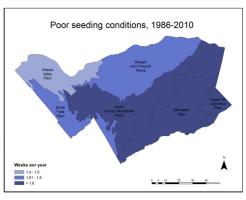


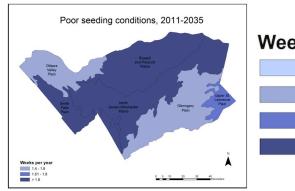


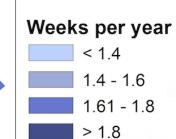


Results (Soybeans)

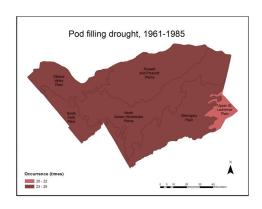


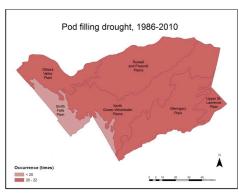


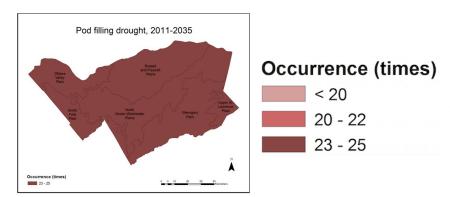


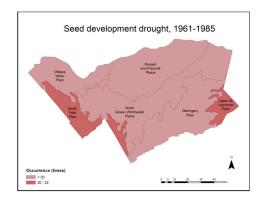


Results (Soybeans)

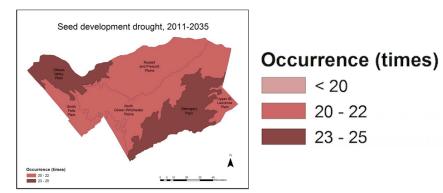












Thank you!



Questions for discussion

- Which of the crop-specific extremes are most likely to affect your farm?
- Are there extreme events of concern to you that have not been captured?
- What would adaptation to the impacts we identified look like?
- What are the challenges of adapting to the impacts?
- How do we plan for the future given the facts that we know?