

# Extreme Weather: Envisioning Ontario Agriculture Under Climate Change

## Introduction

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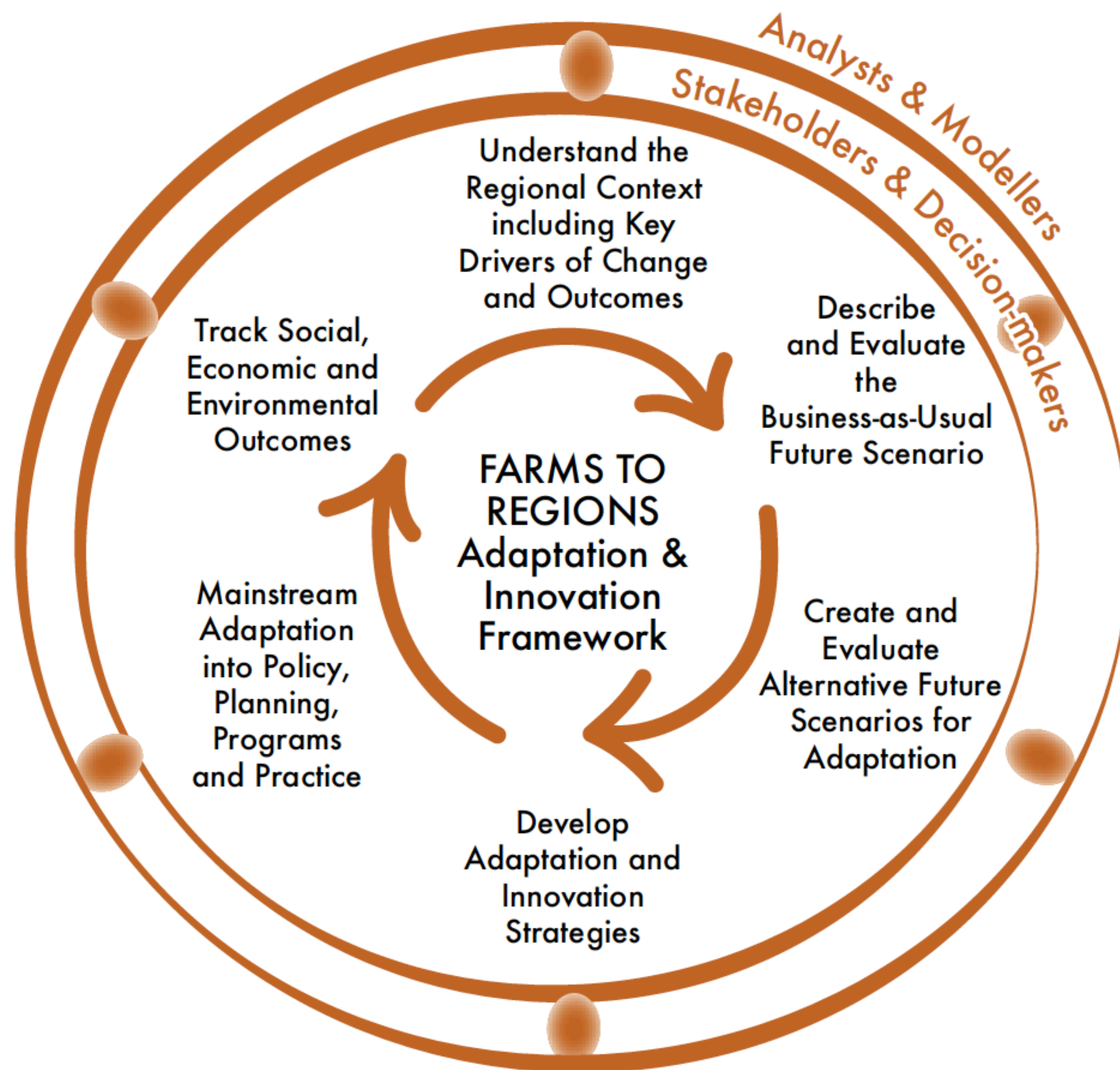


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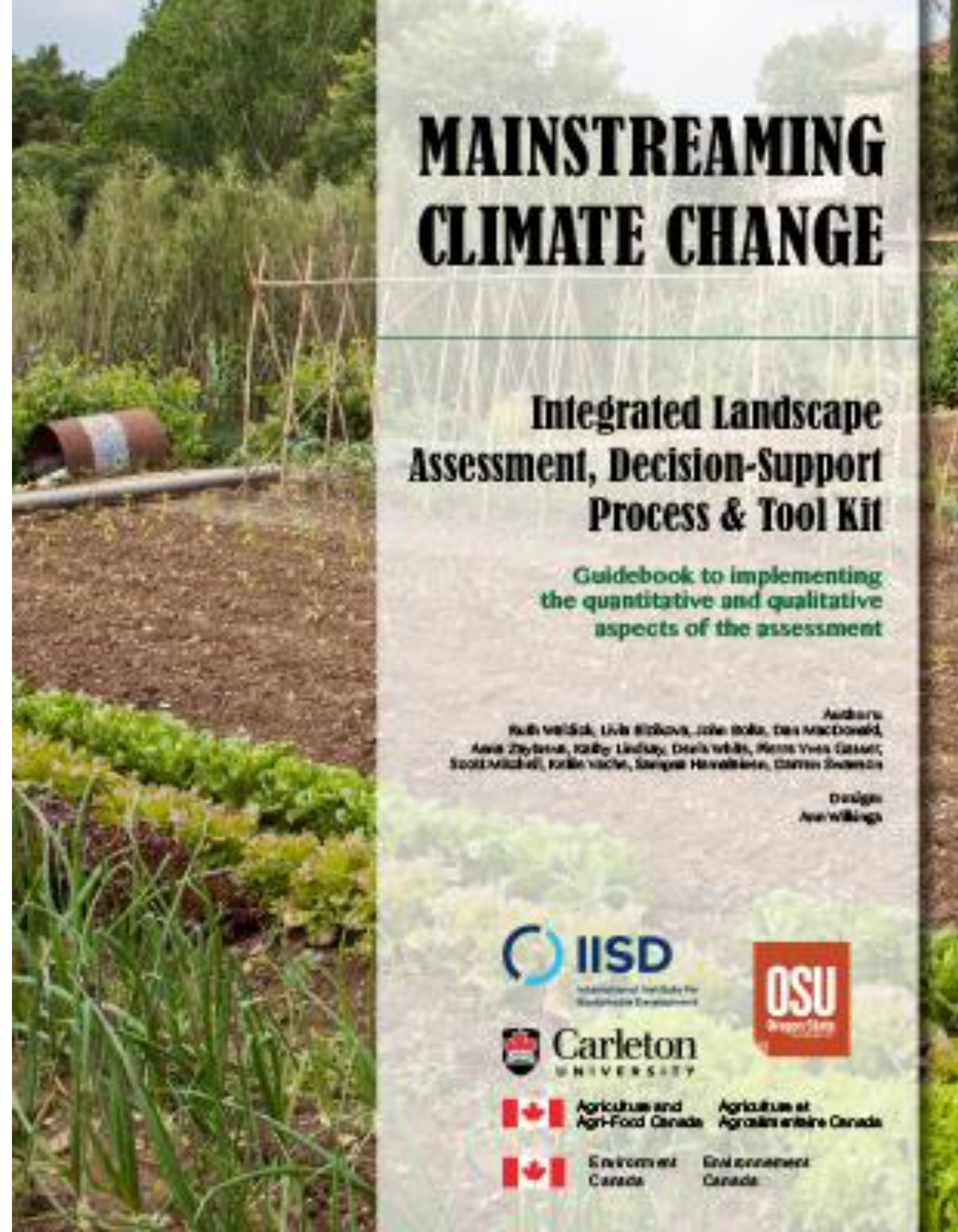
# What's this project about?

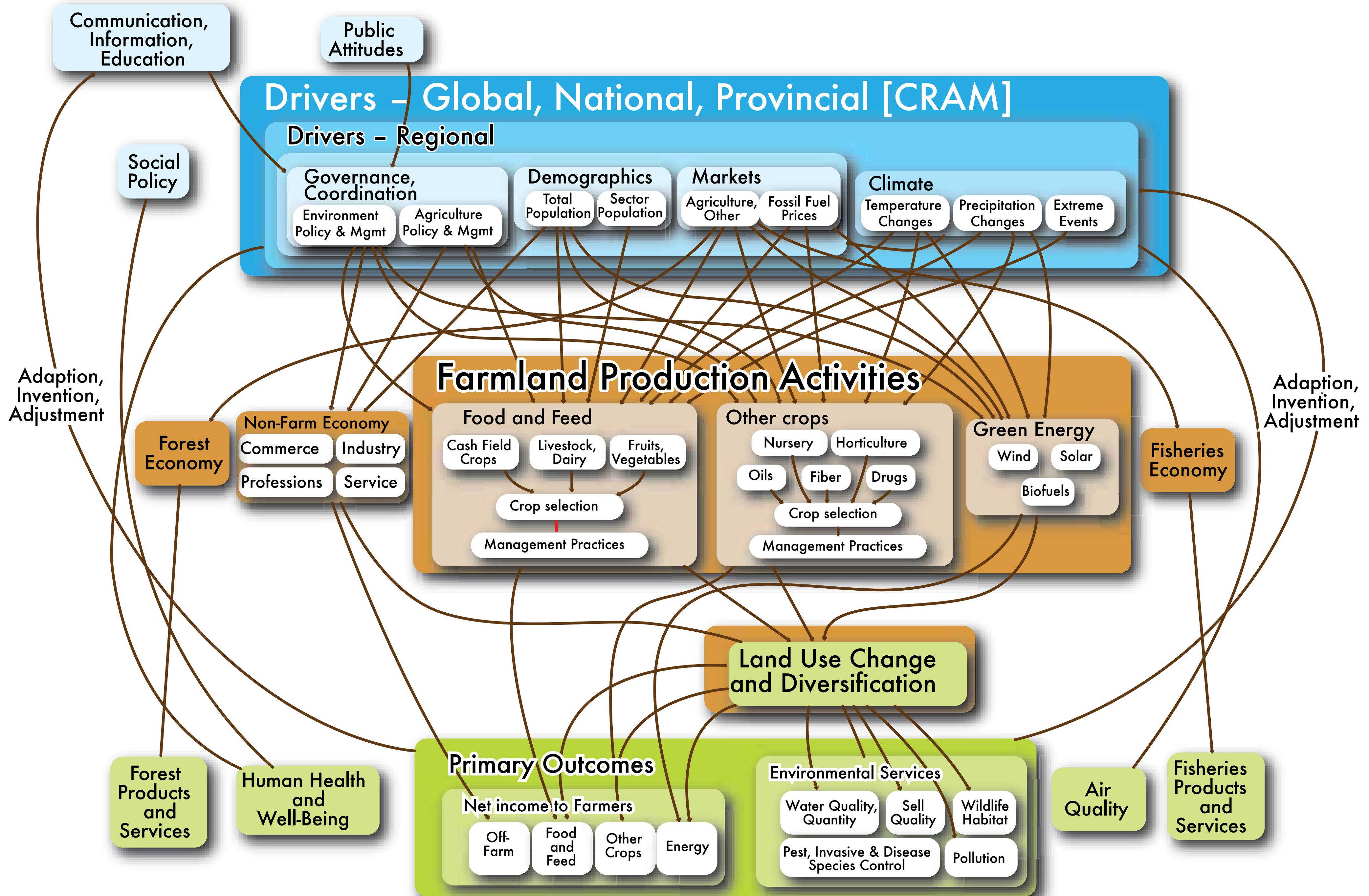
- create and deliver information about current and future climate extremes\* that will affect Ontario's agriculture sector and rural communities
  - \*what do WE mean by extreme? (weather patterns)
- develop a decision support tool to characterize risk and vulnerabilities associated with climate change and extremes in agriculture, allowing users to plan for and mitigate risks by evaluating different adaptation choices
  - spatial scenario development – impacts on crops and livestock\*
    - map-based, field-level mapping; expectations
    - data realities: weather stations (time), GCM resolution
    - how to translate what the weather data and climate models tell us into possible impacts to crops and livestock
- use of seasonal, phenology-linked indices with links to specific crops and operations

Figure 1. Farms to Regions – Adaptation & Innovation Framework

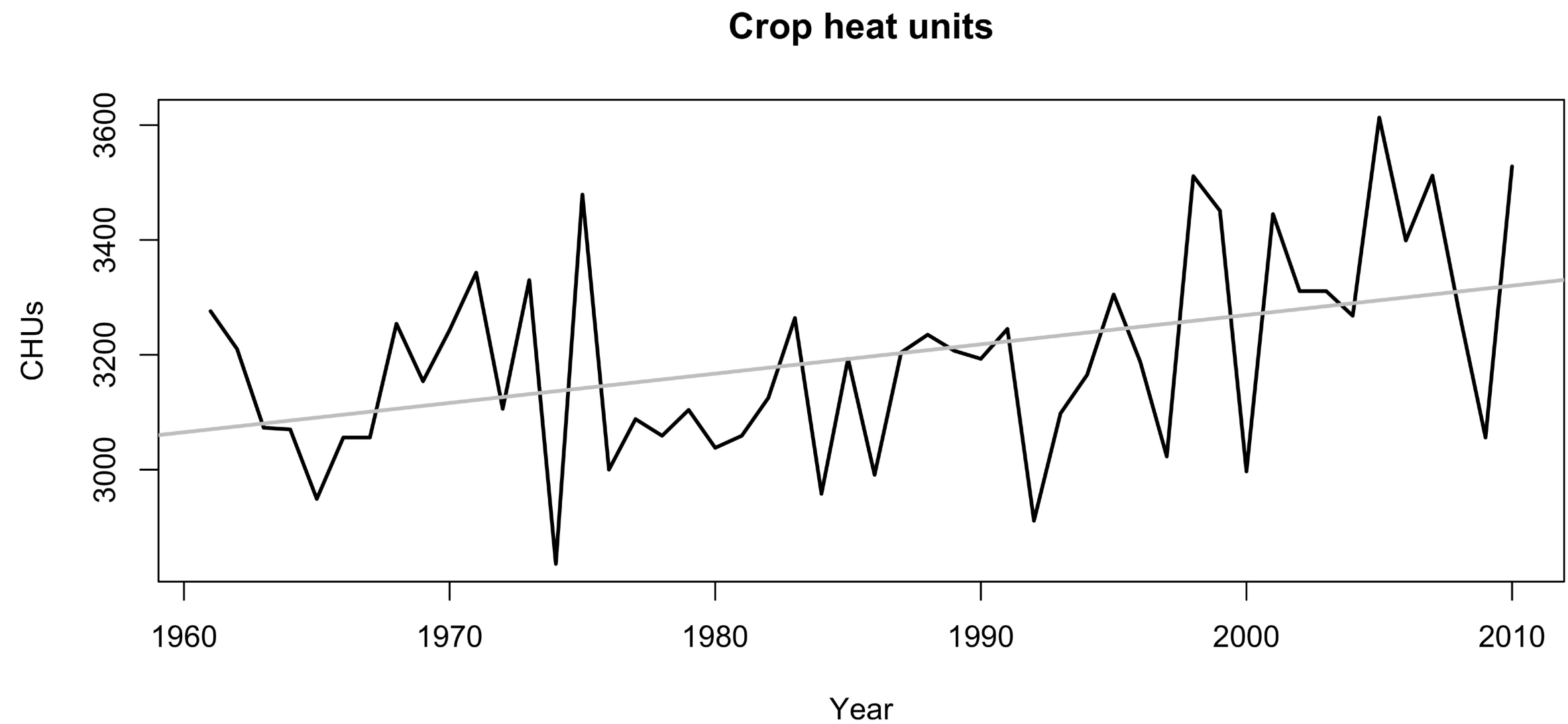
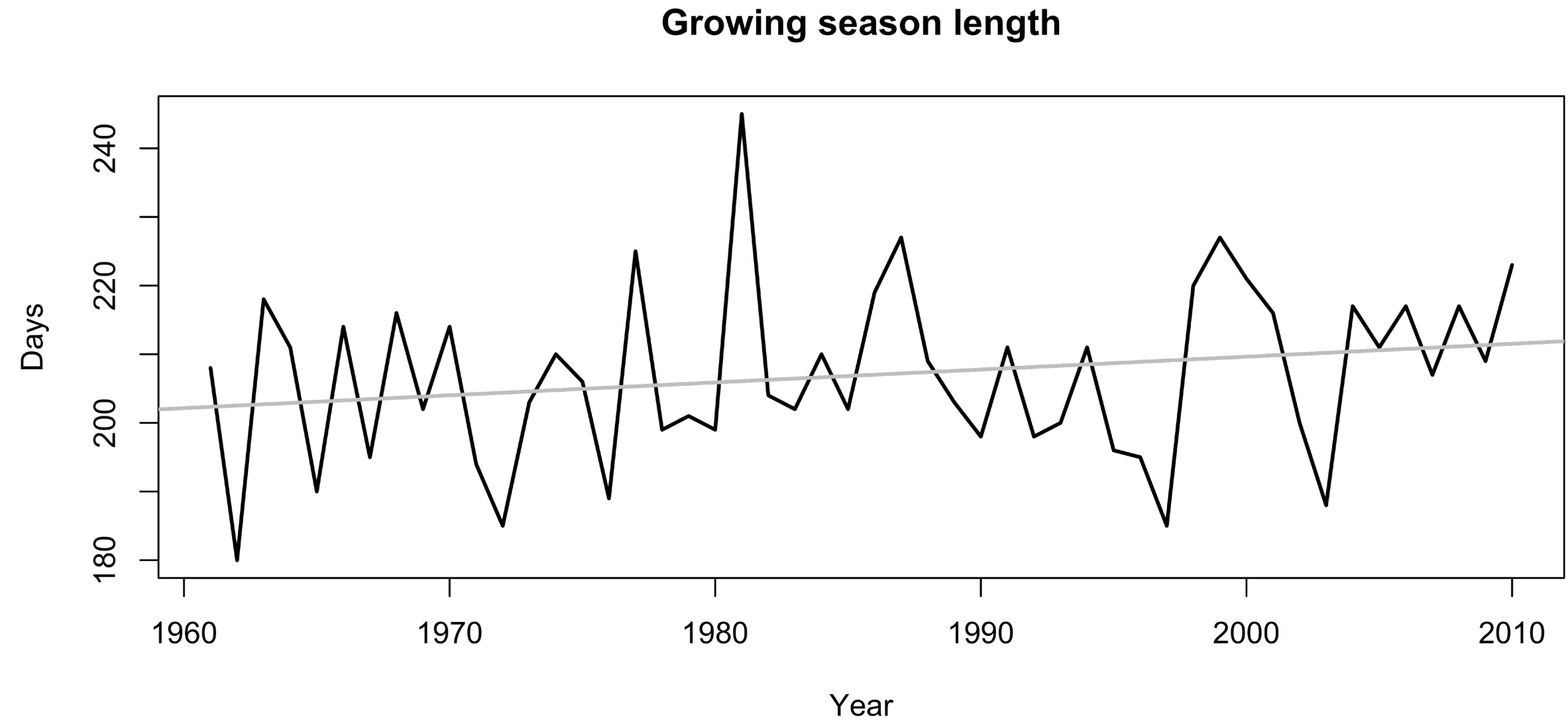


[www.carleton.ca/envisionontarioag](http://www.carleton.ca/envisionontarioag)





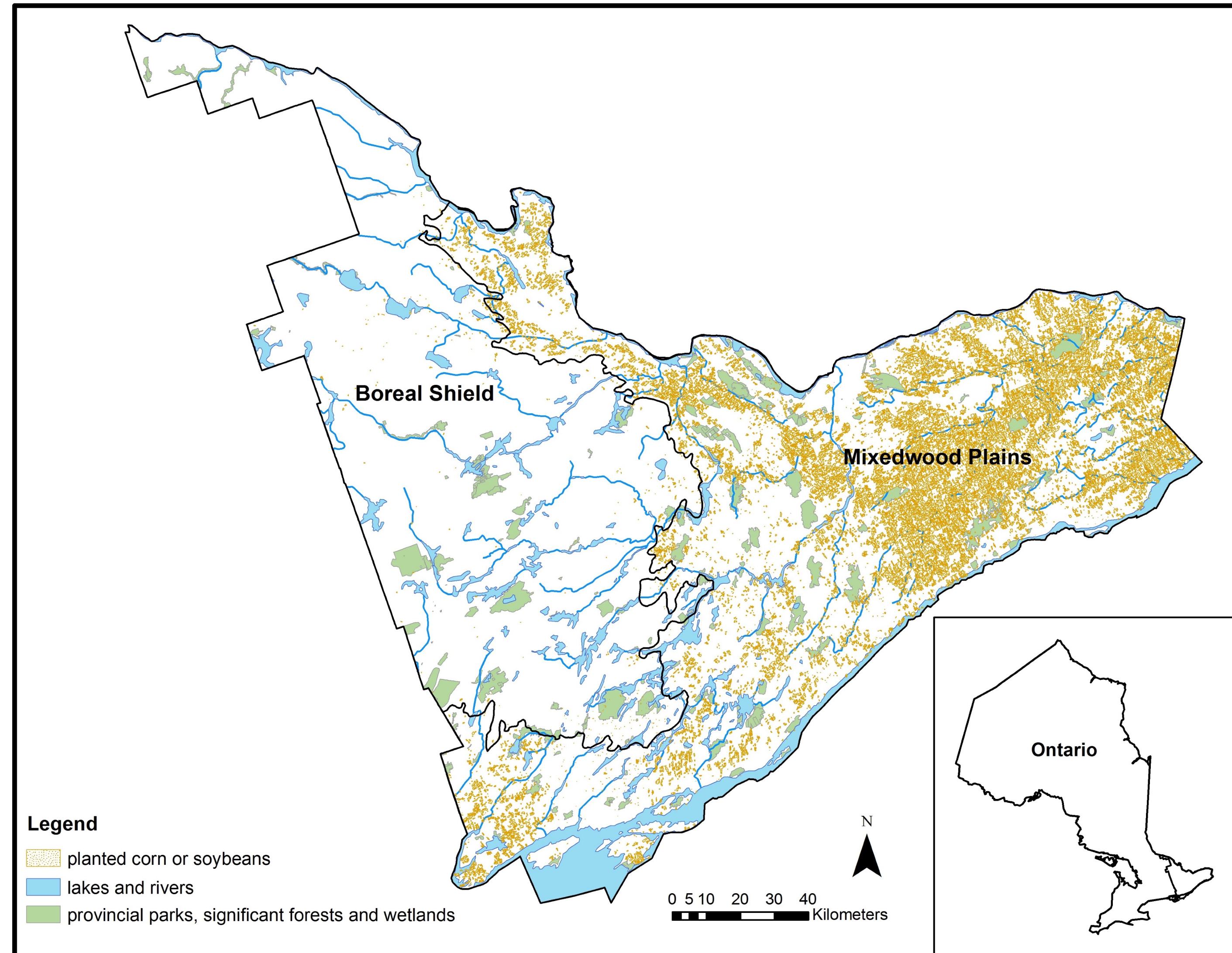
# Why extremes? This is NOT the whole story!



# Why focus on scenarios & indicators / phenological impacts?

- every climate change model run is a scenario, not a prediction
- those models lack spatial and temporal detail, **but** there is demand for information relevant to locally evaluating levels of risk and potential tradeoffs
- for example, crop modelling typically focuses on yield,
  - usually works best at very local levels; high data needs, assume conditions not changing
  - focusing on **phenological impact** allows us to identify times when crops are particularly vulnerable to climatological events, and assign a typical impact to crop yield; concentrate on relative impacts rather than specific physiological processes

# Study area: eastern Ontario



# What have we done, how are we sharing?

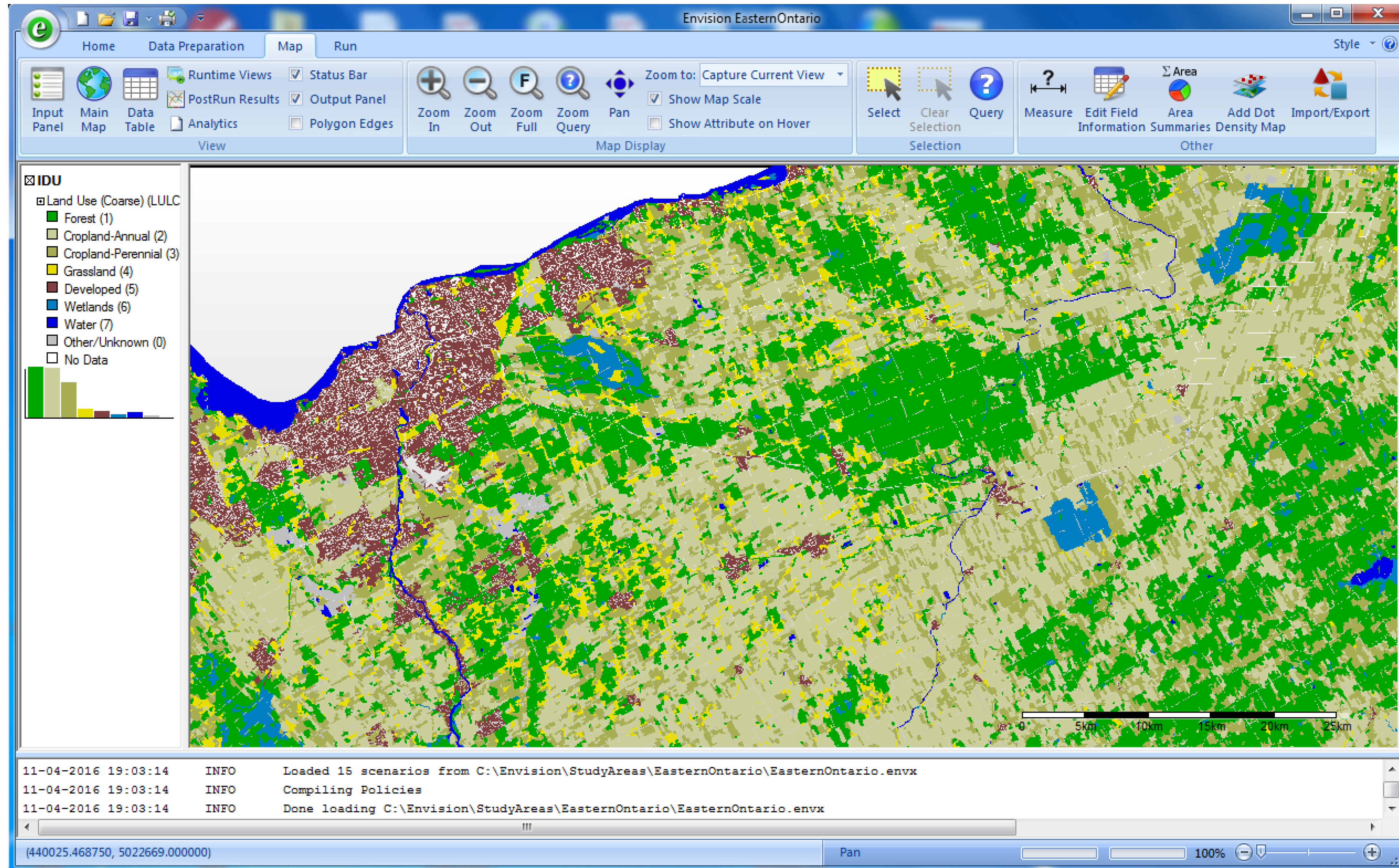
- data needs and shortcomings
  - evaluation, procuring, documenting
- improved farm model (Dan MacDonald)
- farm types, sizes; trends, evolution (Tonia Tanner)
- crop-specific indicators (Anna Zaytseva)
- general resilience indicators (Livia Bizikova)
- dissemination



# Issues with existing information

- there are problems using limited weather data, or climate model projections, to characterize extreme weather
  - how extremes usually considered? (climate model variability)
  - spatial-temporal resolution of models  $\neq$  farm-scale / local level planning
- many “challenges” making sense of existing data, dealing with gaps, figuring out which datasets are relevant to what locations
- after the data (and climate model predictions) are “cleaned up” and assigned to different parts of a study region, how do we make sense of them, and make them relevant to agriculture ?
- DISSEMINATE

# Envision (scenario exploration framework)





Welcome to

# Climate Change Extremes & Ontario Agriculture

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“Scenario-based risk assessment decision support modelling tools for regional climate change and climate extremes, impacts and adaptation in agricultural watersheds” is a project funded by the Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food, and Rural Affairs’ New Directions Research Program. One of our main objectives is to provide a clearing-house for information and resources that are useful for evaluating climate change in Ontario, starting with our pilot program in eastern Ontario.

## Agenda

Time	Agenda Item
9:00 – 9:10	<b>Welcome and introductions</b>
9:10 – 9:30	<b>Session 1: Scenario-based planning tool development in eastern Ontario</b> (Scott Mitchell, Carleton University) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Project history, overview and objectives</li><li>▪ The Envision platform: why we chose it</li><li>▪ Question pause</li></ul>
9:30 – 10:30	<b>Session 2: Eastern Ontario farm dynamics</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Assembling fields into farms; patterns and trends in seasonal farm operations (Dan MacDonald, AAFC)</li><li>▪ Farm evolution: trends and transitions between farm types and spatial layout of farm fields (Tonia Tanner, Carleton University)</li></ul>
10:30 – 10:40	<b>Coffee break</b>
10:40 – 11:40	<b>Session 3: Crop-specific and general resilience indicators</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Extreme weather impacts on eastern Ontario crops: historical trends and future scenarios (Anna Zaytseva, Carleton University)</li><li>▪ General resilience indicators (Livia Bizikova, IISD)</li></ul>
11:40 – 12:00	<b>Session 4: Summary and future directions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Closing remarks: ongoing work, future plans and partnerships</li><li>▪ Comments and questions</li></ul>