**Carleton University Late Summer 2021**

**Institute of European, Russian and Eurasian Studies**

**Department of Political Science**

**EURR 5108 / PSCI 5103**

**Canada-EU Relations: Summer Module**

**Online course**

Instructor: Achim Hurrelmann

Office Hours: Mondays, 2:00-4:00pm (Zoom, access via Brightspace)

Email: [achim.hurrelmann@carleton.ca](mailto:achim.hurrelmann@carleton.ca)

Twitter: @achimhurrelmann

**Please note: This online course combines asynchronous and synchronous methods of course delivery. Asynchronous online components (lectures, activities, quizzes) must be completed on *Brightspace* between July 5 and August 2, 2021. Synchronous online meetings will take place using the *Zoom* videoconferencing platform between August 3 and August 6, 2021 (10am-12pm and 1-3pm each day). Both parts of the course are mandatory.**

**Course description:**

This course examines the relations between Canada and the EU, with attention to policy issues affecting the relationship and common policy challenges. After introductory sessions on external policy making in Canada and the EU, it will examine various aspects of the bilateral relationship, including trade, security cooperation, as well as environmental and energy policies. Particular emphasis will be placed on recent developments and debates in Canada-EU relations, such as the (provisional) entry into force and implementation of the Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA) and Strategic Partnership Agreement (SPA), the impact of the UK’s withdrawal from the EU (“Brexit”), and the COVID-19 pandemic. Guest speakers from Global Affairs Canada and the EU Delegation to Canada will be brought into the seminar.

At the end of the course, students will be familiar with the main scholarly debates about external policy making in Canada and the EU. They will also be able to navigate practical aspects of conducting bilateral relations between both polities. Assignments will practice both academic reflection about these issues and policy-oriented writing styles.

**Required readings:**

Both sections of the course (asynchronous and synchronous) will be based on the detailed discussion of core readings. All required texts are available as electronic class reserves on the ARES system of the MacOdrum Library (accessible on Brightspace). The course is designed for students who already possess a working knowledge of the EU’s political system and decision-making processes, as well as a basic understanding of Canadian foreign policy making. Students without this kind of knowledge are advised to obtain a general textbook on the issue in question as source of reference. The following titles are recommended:

* Nossal, K. R., Roussel, S. and Paquin, S. (2015), *The Politics of Canadian Foreign Policy*, 4th edition(Montreal: McGill-Queen’s University Press).
* Brunet-Jailly, E., Hurrelmann, A. and Verdun, A., eds. (2018), *European Union Governance and Policy Making: A Canadian Perspective* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press).

**Evaluation:**

* Two online quizzes (10% each) 20% **(Due July 12 and 19, 2021)**
* Participation in online debate 20% **(July 19-26, 2021)**
* Policy brief or discussion paper 20% **(Due August 2, 2021)**
* Participation in online seminars 20% **(August 4-6, 2021)**
* Final paper 20% **(Due August 16, 2021)**

***Online quizzes:*** The first two online modules will be concluded by online quizzes, which have to be completed on Brightspace. Each quiz will consist of five short-answer questions relating to the material discussed in the respective module. The quizzes have to be completed by July 12 and July 19, respectively. Students can complete the quizzes at a time of their convenience before the applicable deadline; they will have two hours (120 minutes) to complete each quiz.

***Participation in online debate:*** The third online module will include an online debate, conducted in a forum on Brightspace between July 19 and 26. The discussion will be based on recent books that address Canadian foreign policy (see list below). In the debate, students will be required to play the role of one of the authors in a hypothetical advisory group brought together by the Canadian prime minister. This role-playing exercise will be followed by a debriefing. The debate will be structured by questions posed by the instructor. Students are expected to make at least five contributions to the forum. The first two contributions must be posted by July 22; three further contributions engaging in debate with the other students must be posted by July 26.

***Policy brief or discussion paper:*** At the end of the fourth online module, students have to write a short policy brief or discussion paper (3-4 pages, single spaced). Topics for this assignment have to be selected from a list provided on Brightspace. Policy briefs take the form of a briefing note for a Canadian or European official for a hypothetical bilateral meeting; they must follow the Global Affairs Canada “meeting note” template, provided on Brightspace. Discussion papers take the form of a brief essay that responds to a question about the academic literature on Canada-EU relations; a template for this assignment will likewise be provided on Brightspace. Topics for policy briefs or discussion papers must be selected by July 19; the assignment must be submitted on Brightspace by August 2.

***Participation in online seminar sessions:*** Seminar sessions are designed to follow an interactive format. Some sessions will make use of teaching methods that require active student participation, such as group work, debates, or role-playing. It is essential that all students do the required readings for each seminar session, have access to the required texts during the online seminars, and take the time to think about questions they would like to discuss about them. Participation marks will be assigned reflecting both quality and quantity of contributions.

***Final paper:*** At the end of the course, students are expected to write a short scholarly paper (ca. 10 pages, double spaced) on an issue in Canada-EU relations. Papers may deal with the same issue on which the student has already written their policy brief or discussion paper. However, this assignment will have to be structured around an original research question, formulated by the student, and approved by the instructor. More detailed instructions for the final paper will be provided on Brightspace and in class. Students are encouraged to discuss the precise research question for their final paper with the instructor during his office hours. The due date for the paper is August 16.

**Submission of coursework:**

All assignments must be submitted using the quiz/assignment tools in Brightspace. Comments and grades will be provided on Brightspace. Unless a medical (or equivalent) excuse is provided, late assignments will be penalized by two (2) percentage points per day (including weekends); assignments more than a week late will receive a mark of 0%.

**Course schedule:**

1. ***Orientation session on Zoom (optional)***

The orientation session is optional, but participation is recommended. It will be organized on Zoom. The instructor will give an overview of the course topics, schedule, and assignments. The session will also be an opportunity for students to ask questions. Access the Zoom meeting through Brightspace.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Monday, July 5, 2021** | |
| Time | 10:00 – 11:00 a.m. |
| Topics | Overview of the course; course administration |

1. ***Online modules on Brightspace (asynchronous)***

Each online module consists of a combination of mini-lectures by the instructor as well as further activities and teaching materials that students are required to work on independently. Please consult Brightspacefor more instructions on the online material, including research activities and guiding questions for the required readings.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Welcome to the course** | |
| Mini-lecture | * Introduction to EURR 5108/PSCI 5103 |
| Assignment (optional) | * Self-assessment test (ungraded multiple choice test; students who do poorly are advised to review one or both of the textbooks listed above) |
| Estimated time required to complete module: 30 minutes | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Module 1: Introduction to Canada-EU Relations (July 5-12, 2021)** | |
| Mini-lectures | 1. Canada-EU relations: Aspects and institutional settings 2. History of Canada-EU relations 3. Scholarly debates and policy issues |
| Required readings | Canada-EU relations: Aspects and institutional settings   * Rayroux, A. (2019), “The EU’s Reputation in Canada: Still a Shallow Strategic Partnership?”, in N. Chaban and M. Holland, eds., *Shaping the EU’s Global Strategy: Partners and Perceptions* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 55-75.   History of Canada-EU relations   * Mahant, E.E. (1981), “Canada and the European Community: The First Twenty Years”, *Journal of European Integration* 4:3, 263-279. * Long, D. (1998), “Canada-EU Relations in the 1990s”, in F.O. Hampson and M.A. Molot, eds., *Canada among Nations 1998: Leadership and Dialogue* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press), 193-210. * Dolata-Kreutzkamp, P. (2010), “Drifting apart? Canada, the European Union, and the North Atlantic”, *Zeitschrift für Kanada-Studien* 30:2,  28-44. * Bendiek, A., et al. (2018), “EU-Canada Relations on the Rise: Mutual Interests in Security, Trade, and Climate Change”, German Institute for International and Security Affairs, Working Paper #3, <https://www.swp-berlin.org/fileadmin/contents/products/arbeitspapiere/1_WP_Bendiek_etal_EU-Canada_relations_final_01.pdf>.   Primary documents on Canada-EU relations   * *Framework Agreement for Commercial and Economic Cooperation Between Canada and the European Community* (1976), <https://www.treaty-accord.gc.ca/text-texte.aspx?id=101156> * *Strategic Partnership Agreement between Canada, of the One Part, and the European Union and its Member States, of the Other Part* (2016), <http://www.international.gc.ca/europe/assets/pdfs/can-eu-spa-text-eng.pdf> * *Canada-European Union Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement*, final text (2016), <http://www.international.gc.ca/trade-commerce/trade-agreements-accords-commerciaux/agr-acc/ceta-aecg/text-texte/toc-tdm.aspx?lang=eng> [browse table of contents] * *Canada-UK Trade Continuity Agreement* (2020),[*https://www.international.gc.ca/trade-commerce/trade-agreements-accords-commerciaux/agr-acc/cuktca-acccru/agreement\_trade\_continuity-accord\_continuite\_commerciale.aspx?lang=eng*](https://www.international.gc.ca/trade-commerce/trade-agreements-accords-commerciaux/agr-acc/cuktca-acccru/agreement_trade_continuity-accord_continuite_commerciale.aspx?lang=eng) |
| Required video | * Interview with Jeremy Kinsman, former Canadian High Commissioner to the United Kingdom (2000–2002) and Ambassador to the European Union (2002–2006), conducted June 2016, available on Brightspace. |
| Supplementary literature | * Croci, O. and Verdun, A. (2004), “Searching for a Counterweight: Canada and the European Union”, Jean Monnet/Robert Schuman Paper, <https://eucenter.as.miami.edu/_assets/pdf/crociverdunfinal.pdf>. * Knodt, M. and Chaban, N., eds. (2020), *New Opportunities for the EU-Canada Strategic Partnership*, Special Issue of the *Australian and New Zealand Journal of European Studies* 11:3, <https://cesaa.org.au/anzjes_issue/vol-11-no-3/>. * Potter, E. H. (1999), *Transatlantic Partners: Canadian Approaches to the European Union* (Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press). * Roseman, D. (1981), “European Community/Canada Relations: A Selected Bibliography, 1976-1981”, *Journal of European Integration* 4:3, 327-334. * Verdun, A. (2021), “The EU-Canada Strategic Partnership: Challenges and Opportunities”, in: L. C. Ferreira-Pereira and M. Smith, eds., *The European Union’s Strategic Partnerships: Global Diplomacy in a Contested World* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 121-148. * Wood, D. E. and Verdun, A. (2010), “Canada and the European Union: A Review of the Literature from 1981 to 2010”, *International Journal* 66:1, 9-21. |
| Assignments | * Online quiz (short answer format), covering institutional frameworks for Canada-EU relations, history of Canada-EU relations, conceptual issues raised in scholarly discussions, current policy issues – Due July 12, 2021 |
| Estimated time required to complete the module: 8 hours (90 minutes lectures/videos, 60 minutes independent research, 210 minutes readings, 120 minutes assignment) | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Module 2: External Policies of the European Union (July 12-19, 2021)** | |
| Mini-lectures | 1. Common Commercial Policy 2. Common Foreign and Security Policy/Common Security and  Defence Policy 3. Enlargement and European Neighbourhood Policy |
| Required readings | Common Commercial Policy   * Adriaensen, J. (2020), “The Common Commercial Policy”, *Oxford Research Encyclopedia of Politics*, <https://doi.org/10.1093/acrefore/9780190228637.013.1098>.   Common Foreign and Security Policy/Common Security and Defence Policy   * Howorth, J. (2017), “The European Union’s Security and Defence Policy: The Quest for Purpose”, in: C. Hill, M. Smith and S. Vanhoonacker, eds., *International Relations and the European Union*, 3rd edition (Oxford: Oxford University Press), 341-364.   Enlargement and European Neighbourhood Policy   * Müftüler-Baç, M. (2019), “The European Neighbourhood Policy”, *Oxford Research Encyclopedia of Politics*, <https://doi.org/10.1093/acrefore/9780190228637.013.1082>. |
| Required videos | * Interview with Professor Dirk de Bièvre, University of Antwerp, conducted November 2020 for the Jean Monnet Network on Transatlantic Trade Politics, <https://youtu.be/zaElPDIabnw>. * European External Action Service (2013), “EU Common Security and Defence Policy in Action”, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mVdz0vDOKuc>. |
| Supplementary literature | * De Bièvre, D. and Gstöhl, S. (2018), *The Trade Policy of the European Union* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Howorth, J. (2014), *Security and Defence Policy in the European Union*, 2nd edition (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Siles-Brügge, G. (2014), *Constructing European Union Trade Policy: A Global Idea of Europe* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Smith, M.E. (2017), *Europe’s Common Security and Defence Policy: Capacity-Building, Experiential Learning, and Institutional Change* (Cambridge: Cambridge UP). * Spence, D. and Bátora, J., eds. (2015), *The European External Action Service: European Diplomacy Post-Westphalia* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Young, A.R. (2017), *The New Politics of Trade: Lessons from TTIP* (New York: Columbia UP). |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Assignment | * Online quiz (short answer), covering distinction between different fields of external policies of the EU, decision-making procedures (especially power balance between EU and member states), assessments of effectiveness of EU external relations – Due July 19, 2021 * Select topic for policy brief or discussion paper – Selection must be made by July 19, 2021 |
| Estimated time required to complete the module: 8 hours (90 minutes lectures/videos, 30 minutes independent research, 240 minutes readings, 120 minutes assignment) | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Module 3: Canadian Foreign Policy (July 19-26, 2021)** | |
| Mini-lectures | 1. History and institutions of Canadian foreign policy making 2. Dominant ideas in Canadian foreign policy 3. Foreign policy as a partisan issue |
| Required readings | History and institutions of Canadian foreign policy   * Dutil, P. (2015), “The Institutionalization of Foreign Affairs (1909-2013)”, in D. Bratt and C. J. Kukucha, eds., *Readings in Canadian Foreign Policy: Classic Debates and New Ideas*, 3rd edition (Oxford: Oxford University Press), 239-258.   Dominant ideas in Canadian foreign policy   * Massie, J. and Vucetic, S. (2020), “Canadian Strategic Cultures: From Confederation to Trump”, in T. Juneau, P. Lagassé and S. Vucetic, eds., *Canadian Defence Policy in Theory and Practice* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 29-44. * Keating, T. (2010), “Multilateralism: Past Imperfect, Future Conditional”, *Canadian Foreign Policy Journal* 16:2, 9-25. * Smith, H. A. (2017), “Unlearning: A Messy and Complex Story with Canadian Foreign Policy”, *International Journal* 72:2, 203-216.   Foreign policy as a partisan issue   * Hurrelmann, A., Mérand, F., and White, S. (2021), “Eurosphere or Anglosphere: Canadian Public Opinion on Brexit and the Future of Transatlantic Relations”, *Canadian Journal of Political Science*, forthcoming. |
| Books for the debate [one will be assigned to each student]: | * Burney, D. H. and Hampson, F. O. (2020), *Braver Canada: Shaping Our Destiny in a Precarious World* (Montreal: McGill-Queen’s University Press). * Coulon, J. (2019), *Canada is Not Back: How Justin Trudeau is in over his head on foreign policy* (Toronto: Lorimer Press). * Clark, J. (2013), *How We Lead: Canada in a Century of Change* (Toronto: Random House). * Hart, M. (2008), *From Pride to Influence: Towards a New Canadian Foreign Policy* (Vancouver: UBC Press). * Heinbecker, P. (2011), *Getting Back in the Game: A Foreign Policy Playbook for Canada* (Toronto: Dundurn). * Klassen, J. (2014), *Joining Empire: The Political Economy of the New Canadian Foreign Policy* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press). * Klein, N. (2017), *No Is Not Enough: Resisting the New Shock Politics and Winning the World We Need* (Toronto: Knopf Canada). * Lightfoot, S. (2016), *Global Indigenous Politics: A Subtle Revolution* (London: Routledge). * Rempel, R. (2006), *Dreamland: How Canada’s Pretend Foreign Policy Has Undermined Sovereignty* (Montreal: McGill-Queen’s University Press). * Shipley, T. R. (2020), *Canada in the World: Settler Capitalism and the Colonial Imagination* (Halifax/Winnipeg: Fernwood Publishing). |
| Supplementary literature | * Beier, J. M. and Wylie, L., eds. (2010), *Canadian Foreign Policy in Critical Perspective* (Oxford: Oxford University Press). * Bow, B. and Lane, A., eds. (2020), *Canadian Foreign Policy: Reflections on a Field in Transition* (Vancouver: UBC Press). * Chapnick, A. and Kukucha, C. J., eds. (2016), *The Harper Era in Canadian Foreign Policy: Parliament, Politics, and Canada's Global Posture* (Vancouver: UBC Press). * Bratt, D. and Kukucha, C. J. (2015), *Readings in Canadian Foreign Policy: Classic Debates and New Ideas*, 3rd edition (Oxford: Oxford University Press). * Donaghy, G. and Carroll, M. K., eds. (2011), *In the National Interest: Canadian Foreign Policy and the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade, 1909-2009* (Calgary: University of Calgary Press). * Hillmer, N. and Lagassé, P., eds. (2018), *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Keating, T. (2012), *Canada and World Order:* *The Multilateralist Tradition in Canadian Foreign Policy*, 3rd edition (Oxford: Oxford University Press). |
| Assignment | Contribution to online debate (open July 19-26), discussing future of Canadian foreign policy based on general-audience books listed above – Two contributions due by July 22; three more by July 26, 2021 |
| Estimated time required to complete the module: 12 hours (1 hour teaching/activities; 4 hours required readings; 7 hours online debate, preparation and participation). | |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Module 4: Canada and the EU as Global Actors (July 26-August 2, 2021)** | | |
| Mini-lectures | | 1. Canada: “Middle power” – “satellite” – “principal power”? 2. What kind of power is the EU? |
| Required readings | | Canada: “Satellite” – “middle power” – “principal power”?   * Nossal, K. R. (2010), “‘Middlepowerhood’ and ‘Middlepowermanship’ in Canadian Foreign Policy”, in: N. Hynek and D. Bosold, eds., *Canada’s Foreign and Security Policy: Soft and Hard Strategies of a Middle Power* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press), 20-34. * Albo, G. (2013), “Fewer Illusions: Canadian Foreign Policy since 2001”, in: J. Klassen and G. Albo, eds., *Empire’s Ally: Canada and the War in Afghanistan* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press), 241-274. * Kirton, J. J. (2012), “Vulnerable America, Capable Canada: Convergent Leadership for an Interconnected World”, *Canadian Foreign Policy Journal* 18:1, 133-144.   What kind of power is the EU?   * Manners, I. (2010), “Global Europa: Mythology of the European Union in World Politics”, *Journal of Common Market Studies* 48:1, 67-87. * Moravcsik, A. (2017), “Europe Is Still a Superpower – And It’s Going to Remain One for Decades to Come”, *Foreign Policy*, April 13, 2017, <http://foreignpolicy.com/2017/04/13/europe-is-still-a-superpower/>. |
| Supplementary literature | | * Bretherton, C. and Vogler, J. (2006), *The European Union as a Global Actor* (London: Routledge). * Chapnick, A. (2005), *The Middle Power Project. Canada and the Founding of the United Nations* (Vancouver: UBC Press). * Dewitt, D. B. and Kirton, J. J. (1983), *Canada as a Principal Power: A Study of Foreign Policy and International Relations* (Toronto: Wiley). * Kagan, R. (2003), *Of Paradise and Power: America and Europe in the New World Order* (New York: Knopf). * Tocci, N. (2017), *Framing the EU Global Strategy: A Stronger Europe in a Fragile World* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Whitman, R. G., ed. (2011), *Normative Power Europe: Empirical and Theoretical Perspectives* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). |
| Assignment | Policy brief or discussion paper – Due August 2, 2021 | |
| Estimated time required to complete the module: 5 hours (30 minutes lectures, 30 minutes independent research, 240 minutes required readings). Note: Research for discussion paper/policy brief is not included in this calculation; it is expected that students devote a significant amount of time to this while completing Module 4. | | |

1. ***Online seminars on Zoom (synchronous)***

Seminar sessions will be held in an intensive format in the week of August 3-6, 2021. These will be held on Zoom. The Zoom meetings can be accessed through Brightspace. Participation in all sessions is mandatory. Students should note that, in addition to the seminar sessions, they need to budget approximately 1-2 hours each day for required readings and preparation of the next day’s session.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Tuesday, August 3, 2021** | |
| Time | 10:00 a.m. – 12:00 noon  1:00 – 3:00 p.m. |
| Topics | Morning session: Opening discussion: Canada and the EU: Global actors in an uncertain international environment  Afternoon session: Canada-EU relations from a Canadian perspective; Discussion with N.N., European Affairs Bureau, Global Affairs Canada |
| Required readings | * Paris, R. (2020). “Navigating the New World Disorder: Canada’s Post-Pandemic Foreign Policy”, July 16, <https://ppforum.ca/publications/navigating-the-new-world-disorder/>. * Lehne, S. (2020), “How the EU Can Survive in a Geopolitical Age”, *Carnegie Europe*, February 25, <https://carnegieendowment.org/files/2-24_Lehne-EU_Geopolitics.pdf>. |
| Supplementary literature | See above (Modules 1-4) |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Wednesday, August 4, 2021** | |
| Time | 10:00 a.m. – 12:00 noon  1:00 – 3:00 p.m. |
| Topics | Morning session: Economic cooperation, with special emphasis on the Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA)  Afternoon session: Canada-EU relations from a European perspective; Discussion with N.N. Delegation of the European Union to Canada |
| Required readings | * White, E. (2017), “The Obstacles to Concluding the EU-Canada Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement and Lessons for the Future”, *Global Trade and Customs Journal* 12:5, 176-183. * Sinclair, S. and Trew, S. (2019), “Taking Stock of CETA: Early Impacts of the EU-Canada Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement”, Friedrich Ebert Foundation Study, <http://library.fes.de/pdf-files/id/ipa/15694-20191014.pdf>. |
| Supplementary literature | * Campbell, N., O’Hara, J. and Cullen, T. (2015), “The Impact of New Transatlantic Trade Agreements on Commercial and Investment Transactions”, *Business Law International* 16:3, 185-212. * Duchesne, E. and Morin, J.F. (2013), “Revisiting Structural Variables of Trade Negotiations: The Case of the Canada-EU Agreement”, *International Negotiation* 18:1, 5-24. * European Commission (2021), “Trade Policy Review – An Open, Sustainable and Assertive Trade Policy”, Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions, COM(2021) 66 final, <https://trade.ec.europa.eu/doclib/html/159438.htm>. * Hübner, K., Deman, A.-S., and Balik, T. (2017), “EU and Trade Policy-Making: The Contentious Case of CETA”, *Journal of European Integration* 39:7, 843-857. * Kukucha, C. J. (2018), “Neither Adapting nor Innovating: The Limited Transformation of Canadian Foreign Trade Policy since 1984”, *Canadian Foreign Policy Journal* 24:3, 301-315. * Lilly, M. (2018), “International Trade: The Rhetoric and Reality of the Trudeau Government’s Progressive Trade Agenda”, in: N. Hillmer and P. Lagassé, eds., Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 125-144. * Office of the Parliamentary Budget Officer (2017), “The Canada-EU Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement: A Prospective Analysis”, Ottawa, May 2, 2017, <http://www.pbo-dpb.gc.ca/web/default/files/Documents/Reports/2017/CETA/CETA_EN.pdf>. * Young, A. R. (2017), *The New Politics of Trade: Lessons from TTIP* (Newcastle upon Tyne: Agenda). |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Thursday, August 5, 2021** | |
| Time | 10:00 a.m. – 12:00 noon  1:00 – 3:00 p.m. |
| Topics | Morning session: Canada, the EU and the UK after Brexit  Afternoon session: Selected issues in Canada-EU relations – Group work (Topics will be determined based on student interest; they may include Arctic policy; energy/environment; feminist foreign policy; fisheries; migration/refugees; relations with China/Russia.) |
| Required readings | * Hurrelmann, A. (2020), “Canada’s Two Europes: Brexit and the Prospect of Competing Transatlantic Relationships”, in N. Chaban, A. Niemann and J. Speyer, eds., *Changing Perceptions of the EU at Times of Brexit: Global Perspectives* (London: Routledge), pp. 116-131. * For the group work, one group-specific reading from the supplementary list will be added. |
| Supplementary literature | Brexit (including its impact on Canada-EU relations and Canadian perceptions of Europe)   * Armstrong, K. A. (2017), *Brexit Time: Leaving the EU – Why, How and When?* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press). * Bell, D. and Vucetic, S. (2019), “Brexit, CANZUK, and the Legacy of Empire”, *British Journal of Politics and International Relations* 21:2, 367-382. * Chaban, N. (2020), “Perceptions, Expectations, Motivations: Evolution of Canadian Views on the EU”, *Australian and New Zealand Journal of European Studies* 11:3, 45-62. * Hurrelmann, A., Atikcan, E. Ö., Chalmers, A. W. and Viju-Miljusevic, C. (2019), “Political Controversy about International Economic Agreements: Lessons for Canada-UK Trade Negotiations after Brexit”, *International Journal* 74:3, 453-462. * Zyla, B. (2020), *The End of European Security Institutions? The EU’s Common Foreign and Security Policy and NATO after Brexit* (Heidelberg: Springer).   Arctic policy   * Dodds, K. (2010), “Flag Planting and Finger Pointing: The Law of the Sea, the Arctic and the Political Geographies of the Outer Continental Shelf”, *Political Geography* 29:2, 63-73. * Østhagen, A. (2019), “The New Geopolitics of the Arctic: Russia, China and the EU”, Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies, <https://www.martenscentre.eu/sites/default/files/publication-files/geopolitics-arctic-russia-china-eu.pdf>. * Wegge, N. (2012), “The EU and the Arctic: European Foreign Policy in the Making”, *Arctic Review* *3*:1, 6-29.   Energy/environment   * Dolata-Kreutzkamp, P. (2008), “Canada-Germany-EU: Energy Security and Climate Change”, *International Journal* 63:3, 665-681. * Urpelainen, J. and Van de Graaf, T. (2018), “United States Non-cooperation and the Paris Agreement”, *Climate Policy* 18:7, 839-851. * Van Ninjatten, D. (2018), “Canada’s International Environmental Policy: Trudeau’s Trifecta of Challenges”, in: N. Hillmer and P. Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 103-124. * Wohlers, A. E. (2010), “Regulating Genetically Modified Food: Policy Trajectories, Political Culture, and Risk Perceptions in the U.S., Canada, and EU”, *Politics and the Life Sciences* 29:2, 17-39.   Feminist foreign policy   * Aggestam, K., Bergman Rosamond, A., and Kronsell, A. (2019), “Theorising Feminist Foreign Policy”, *International Relations* 33:1, 23-39. * Chapnick, A. (2019), “The Origins of Canada’s Feminist Foreign Policy”, *International Journal* 74:2, 191-205. * Tiessen, R. and Swan, E. (2018), “Canada’s Feminist Foreign Policy Promises: An Ambitious Agenda for Gender Equality, Human Rights, Peace, and Security”, in: N. Hillmer and P. Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 187-206.   Fisheries   * Barry, D., Applebaum, B, and Wiseman, E. (2014), *Fishing for a Solution: Canada's Fisheries Relations with the European Union, 1977-2013* (Calgary: University of Calgary Press). * Rey Aneiros, A. (2011), “Spain, the European Union, and Canada: A New Phase in the Unstable Balance in the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries”, *Ocean Development & International Law* 42:1-2, 155-172.   Migration/refugees   * Bigo, D., Carrera, S. and Guild, E., eds., (2013), *Foreigners, Refugees or Minorities? Rethinking People in the Context of Border Controls and Visas* (Aldershot: Ashgate). * Gilmour, J. F. (2018), “The Trudeau Government, Refugee Policy, and Echos of the Past”, in: N. Hillmer and P. Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 233-246. * Schittenhelm, K., and Schmidtke, O. (2010), “Integrating Highly Skilled Migrants into the Economy: Transatlantic Perspectives”, *International Journal* 66:1, 127-143. * Zaiotti, R. (2012), “Practising Homeland Security across the Atlantic: Practical Learning and Policy Convergence in Europe and North America”, *European Security* 21:3, 328-346.   Relations with China/Russia   * Farnell, J. and Crookes, P. I. (2016), *The Politics of EU-China Economic Relations: An Uneasy Partnership* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Haukkala, H. (2015), “From Cooperative to Contested Europe? The conflict in Ukraine as a Culmination of a Long-Term crisis in EU-Russia Relations”, *Journal of Contemporary European Studies* 23:1, 25-40. * Maher, R. (2016), “The Elusive EU-China Strategic Partnership”, *International Affairs* 92:4, 959-976. * Paris, R. (2019), “Alone in the world? Making Sense of Canada’s Disputes with Saudi Arabia and China”, *International Journal* 74:1, 151-161. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Friday, August 6, 2021** | |
| Time and location | 10:00 a.m. – 12:00 noon  1:00 – 3:00 p.m. |
| Topics | Morning session: Canada and the EU in international security policy  Afternoon session: Democracy and federalism in Canadian/EU foreign policy; concluding discussion |
| Required readings | * European Union (2016), “Shared Vision, Common Action: A Stronger Europe. A Global Strategy for the EU’s Foreign and Security Policy”, <https://europa.eu/globalstrategy/sites/globalstrategy/files/pages/files/eugs_review_web_13.pdf>. [Read executive summary and browse the rest of the document.] * Department of National Defence (2017), “Strong, Secure, Engaged: Canada’s Defence Policy”, <http://dgpaapp.forces.gc.ca/en/canada-defence-policy/docs/canada-defence-policy-report.pdf> [Read executive summary and sections 4, 5, 7.] |
| Supplementary literature | Security policy   * Biscop, S. (2019), *European Strategy in the 21st Century: New Future for Old Power* (London: Routledge). * Juneau, T., Lagassé, P. and Vucetic, S., eds. (2019), *Canadian Defence Policy in Theory and Practice* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan). * Lanozka, A. (2017), “From Ottawa to Riga: Three Tensions in Canadian Defence Policy”, *International Journal* 72:4, 520-537. * Leuprecht, C. and Hamilton, R. (2020), “New Opportunities in Common Security and Defence Policy: Joining PESCO”, *Australian and New Zealand Journal of European Studies* 11:3, 78-96. * Rice, J. and von Hlatky, S. (2018), “Trudeau the Reluctant Warrior? Canada and International Military Operations”, in: N. Hillmer and P. Lagassé, eds., *Justin Trudeau and Canadian Foreign Policy* (Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan), 285-302. * Zyla, B. (2020), “Middle-Power Internationalism in-between European ‘Paradise’ and American ‘Power’? Canada’s Political Role in an Age of Trumpism and Brexit”, *Australian and New Zealand Journal of European Studies* 11:3, 63-77.   Democracy and federalism   * Broschek, J. and Goff, P., eds. (2020), *The Multilevel Politics of Trade* (Toronto: University of Toronto Press). * D’Erman, V. (2016), “Comparative Intergovernmental Politics: CETA Negotiations between Canada and the EU”, *Politics and Governance* 4:3, 90-99. * Eckes, C. (2014), “How the European Parliament’s Participation in International Relations Affects the Deep Tissue of the EU’s Power Structures”, *International Journal of Constitutional Law* 12:4, 904–929. * Joachim, J. and Dembinski, M. (2011), “A Contradiction in Terms? NGOs, Democracy, and European Foreign and Security Policy”, *Journal of European Public Policy* 18:8, 1151-1168. * Meissner, K. (2016), “Democratizing EU External Relations: The European Parliament’s Informal Role in SWIFT, ACTA, and TTIP”, *European Foreign Affairs Review* 21:2, 269–288. * Schmitz, G. J. (2015), “Parliament and Canadian Foreign Policy: Between Paradox and Potential”, in: D. Bratt and C. J. Kukucha, eds., *Readings in Canadian Foreign Policy: Classic Debates and New Ideas*, 3rd edition (Oxford: Oxford University Press), 224-238. * Stavridis, S., and Irrera, D., eds., (2015), *The European Parliament and Its International Relations* (London: Routledge). * Wisniewski, E. (2013), “The Influence of the European Parliament on the European External Action Service”, *European Foreign Affairs Review* 18:1, 81-101. |

Please note: Special office hours will be held on Zoom in the afternoon of August 6 (3:00-4:30) to discuss issues relating to the final paper.

Due date for final paper: August 16, 2021.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

**Accommodations during COVID**

Due to COVID, instructors will not request or require a doctor’s note when students seek accommodation for missed term work or exams due to illness. Instead, students will be asked to complete the self-declaration form available here:  <https://carleton.ca/registrar/wp-content/uploads/COVID-19_Self-declaration.pdf>

**Academic Accommodations**

* Pregnancy: Please contact your instructor with any requests for academic accommodation during the first two weeks of class, or as soon as possible after the need for accommodation is known to exist. For more details, visit the Equity Services website: [carleton.ca/equity/wp-content/uploads/Student-Guide-to-Academic-Accommodation.pdf](http://carleton.ca/equity/wp-content/uploads/Student-Guide-to-Academic-Accommodation.pdf)
* Religious obligation: Please contact your instructor with any requests for academic accommodation during the first two weeks of class, or as soon as possible after the need for accommodation is known to exist. For more details, visit the Equity Services website: [carleton.ca/equity/wp-content/uploads/Student-Guide-to-Academic-Accommodation.pdf](http://carleton.ca/equity/wp-content/uploads/Student-Guide-to-Academic-Accommodation.pdf)
* Students with Disabilities: If you have a documented disability requiring academic accommodations in this course, please contact the Paul Menton Centre for Students with Disabilities (PMC) at 613-520-6608 or [pmc@carleton.ca](mailto:pmc@carleton.ca) for a formal evaluation or contact your PMC coordinator to send your instructor your Letter of Accommodation at the beginning of the term. You must also contact the PMC no later than two weeks before the first in-class scheduled test or exam requiring accommodation (if applicable). After requesting accommodation from PMC, meet with your instructor as soon as possible to ensure accommodation arrangements are made.
* Survivors of Sexual Violence: As a community, Carleton University is committed to maintaining a positive learning, working and living environment where sexual violence will not be tolerated, and is survivors are supported through academic accommodations as per Carleton's Sexual Violence Policy. For more information about the services available at the university and to obtain information about sexual violence and/or support, visit: [carleton.ca/sexual-violence-support](http://carleton.ca/sexual-violence-support)
* Student Activities:Carleton University recognizes the substantial benefits, both to the individual student and for the university, that result from a student participating in activities beyond the classroom experience. Reasonable accommodation must be provided to students who compete or perform at the national or international level. Please contact your instructor with any requests for academic accommodation during the first two weeks of class, or as soon as possible after the need for accommodation is known to exist. <https://carleton.ca/senate/wp-content/uploads/Accommodation-for-Student-Activities-1.pdf>

For more information on academic accommodation, please contact the departmental administrator or visit: [students.carleton.ca/course-outline](http://students.carleton.ca/course-outline)

**Plagiarism**

The University Senate defines plagiarism as “presenting, whether intentional or not, the ideas, expression of ideas or work of others as one’s own.” This can include:

* reproducing or paraphrasing portions of someone else’s published or unpublished material, regardless of the source, and presenting these as one’s own without proper citation or reference to the original source;
* submitting a take-home examination, essay, laboratory report or other assignment written, in whole or in part, by someone else;
* using ideas or direct, verbatim quotations, or paraphrased material, concepts, or ideas without appropriate acknowledgment in any academic assignment;
* using another’s data or research findings;
* failing to acknowledge sources through the use of proper citations when using another’s works and/or failing to use quotation marks;
* handing in "substantially the same piece of work for academic credit more than once without prior written permission of the course instructor in which the submission occurs.

Plagiarism is a serious offence which cannot be resolved directly with the course’s instructor. The Associate Deans of the Faculty conduct a rigorous investigation, including an interview with the student, when an instructor suspects a piece of work has been plagiarized. Penalties are not trivial. They may include a mark of zero for the plagiarized work or a final grade of "F" for the course.

More information on the University’s Academic Integrity Policy can be found at: <https://carleton.ca/registrar/academic-integrity/>

**Intellectual property**

Student or professor materials created for this course (including presentations and posted notes, labs, case studies, assignments and exams) remain the intellectual property of the author(s). They are intended for personal use and may not be reproduced or redistributed without prior written consent of the author(s).