Carleton University Course Outline

GEOGRAPHY 5400 / INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS 5402, WINTER 2016

TERRITORY AND TERRITORIALITY

Weekly Seminars on Mondays, 18:05-20:55, A220 Loeb

Professor: Dr. Victor Konrad, A301B Loeb; email: Victor.Konrad@carleton.ca

Office hours: Mondays 16:00-17:00 and Wednesdays, 10:00-11:00, or by appointment

Context:

Geopolitical changes at the end of the cold war challenged then conventional notions of the importance of boundaries and territories in the political organization of postmodernity. Shifting political identities after the cold war were no less dramatic: new states appeared regularly, often justified in terms of self determination. The concurrent debate about globalization was in part one about the new geographies of politics and culture as well as recognition of the new economic realities of the times. Academic studies of territoriality and boundaries have evolved to reflect and analyze these changing geopolitical patterns and processes. In one sense, now the capabilities of territorially defined political entities seem ever more doubtful in the face of processes of urbanization, globalization, the ”war on terror”, contemporary militarization and climate change. Yet, borders are increasing in number and being enhanced in an ostensibly borderless world.

Critical thinking of many forms – post structural, feminist, post-colonial most prominent among them – have engaged the assumptions of stable territorial political identities and suggested that spatial assumptions are part of what need to be investigated if scholars are to unravel the complexities of contemporary forms of violence, culture, economy and politics. The ethics of inter-cultural dialogue are set in the contexts of boundaries and immigration, diasporic politics and mobile subjectivities. Interdisciplinary investigations of all of these things have repeatedly questioned the spatial premises of contemporary political thinking. In doing so the territorial specifications of politics are repeatedly put in question.

Objectives:

This course explores territoriality as a political and intellectual strategy through an investigation of contemporary writings on international relations, geopolitics, security, war, sovereignty, ethics, and identity politics. To do so it draws on the contemporary literature in international relations, political geography and more generally on literature in contemporary social and political theory. The first portion of the course will examine theoretical issues. In the balance of the course, these theoretical issues will be used to interrogate specific topics selected by course participants for seminar presentations.
Territorial Separation and Re-alignment
Course Evaluation:

*Participation 25%; seminar presentation 25%; paper 50%.* Participation will be judged on the basis of thoughtful contributions to the weekly discussion and a single page commentary on the assigned readings submitted at the beginning of the seminar each week.

Required Reading:

All required readings for this course are journal articles available online through the Carleton University Library.

Weekly Schedule of Seminar Topics and Required Readings:

**Week 1 (January 11) Introduction and Orientation**

**Week 2 (January 18) Knowing Spaces**


**Week 3 (January 25) Territorial Foundations**


Week 4 (February 1) Critical Geopolitics


Week 5 (February 8) Borders and Borderlands


Week 6 (February 22) Crossing Territories


Week 7 (March 1) Environmental Spaces

Jason Dittmer, Sami Moisio, Alan Ingram, Klaus Dodds, (2011) Have you heard the one about the disappearing ice? Recasting Arctic geopolitics, Political Geography 30 (4): 202-214.


Week 8 (March 8) Governance and Geography


Week 9 (March 15) New Directions and Debates


Weeks 10, 11 (March 22, 29) Student Presentations / Discussions

Week 12 (April 4) Conclusion, Paper Deadline

Grades and Evaluation

Participation is an important component of this course, and the seminar will work only as a venue to explore the difficult issues raised by the contemporary literature on territoriality if there
is a sustained dialogue among all students. A required weekly single sheet commentary on the readings is designed to focus attention on the key issues and to provide a vehicle for clarifying questions and comments to be raised in the seminar. It may be written as a series of questions, comments, meditations or personal reflections on the readings, but it must engage each of the assigned readings each week. It will be graded and students will be notified if their contributions are not adequately coming to terms with the themes in the literature. As part of the participation component of the course, students will also be expected to respond to each other’s presentations in second part of the course. Students will be assigned to briefly respond to two presentations by posing the presenter a number of prepared questions.

Seminar presentations will be grouped into thematically logical clusters, so that presentations on similar themes will occur on the same day. They may offer a critical interrogation of a particular text, or deal more broadly with the application of the theories discussed in the first half of the course to some particular historical or contemporary problem involving territorial claims or conflicts. Each presenter is responsible for selecting their own topic, and for selecting one reading that acts as background and/or theoretical contextualization for the presentation. These have to be selected early enough so that they can be made available for reading in advance of the presentation. A single page outline of the presentation should be circulated in the seminar during the presentation. Presentations must be focused and to the point. They must be limited to ten minutes. You will be requested to stop your presentation if you exceed twelve minutes.

Papers may be an elaborated version of the seminar presentation. The papers may address any empirical or theoretical issue that is germane to the course themes. The key requirement for an acceptable paper for this course is that the theoretical material on territoriality is put to work in the paper to interrogate some historical or contemporary theme. Theoretical papers on the themes of territory, territoriality and related matters of international relations, geopolitics and social theory are also encouraged.

Papers must be original in that they will be written specifically for this course. They will be clearly organized and articulate a theme or argument. They must use the appropriate literature and sources that would normally be expected for a paper being prepared for publication in a scholarly journal. They will be approximately 5,000 but no longer than 6,000 words in length (excluding references and notes), correctly and completely referenced, using any one of the standard academic reference or footnoting styles. Each of these factors will be taken into consideration in evaluating the paper. **Deadline: April 5 in class.**

**Note on Institutional Offences and Academic Accommodations**

You may need special arrangements to meet your academic obligations during the term because of disability, pregnancy or religious obligations. Please review the course outline promptly and write to me with any requests for academic accommodation during the first two weeks of class, or as soon as possible after the need for accommodation is known to exist.
Plagiarism

The University Senate defines plagiarism as “presenting, whether intentionally or not, the ideas, expression of ideas or work of others as one’s own.” Plagiarism is a serious offence which cannot be resolved directly with the course instructor. A rigorous investigation is conducted by the Office of the Faculty Dean, including an interview with the student, when an instructor suspects a piece of work has been plagiarized. Penalties are not trivial.

Background Reading

The discussions in this course draw on a wide variety of intellectual sources in many disciplines. Various editions of the Dictionary of Human Geography may provide useful geographical reference material. See also Emmanuel Brunet-Jailly, ed., The Encyclopedia of Border Disputes (Los Angeles: Clio/Praeger, 2015). The special double issue of Theory, Culture and Society (23, 2&3, May, 2006) may be helpful for many aspects of contemporary social theory. Resources related to this course may be found as well in the NPSIA reading room.


Other books and articles will be suggested for expanded reading with regard to each theme during the first half of the seminar course.

Instructor’s autobiographical note

Victor Konrad is Adjunct Research Professor of Geography and Environmental Studies at Carleton University. Dr. Konrad was Visiting Fellow at the Border Policy Research Institute, Western Washington University in 2009. In 2014 was Visiting Professor at the Border Studies Program of the Karelian Institute, University of Eastern Finland. In 2015, he was Visiting Professor at Yunnan Normal University in Kunming, China, and Visiting Professor at Radboud University in the Netherlands. From 1990-2001, he established the Canada-U.S. Fulbright Program and the Foundation for Educational Exchange between Canada and the United States. During the 1970s and 1980s, he was a professor of Geography and Anthropology at the University of Maine, and Director of the Canadian-American Center. Dr. Konrad was President of the Association of Canadian Studies in the United States and recipient of the Donner Medal.
Dr. Konrad has been engaged in border research and public policy since the early 1980s. He is the author of numerous books and articles in this field. Currently he is co-director of the Borders in Globalization Project http://www.biglobalization.org He is a Past-President of the Association of Borderlands Studies and serves on the International Advisory Board of the *Journal of Borderlands Studies*. 