

**CARLETON UNIVERSITY**  
**Institute of European and Russian Studies**

**COURSE SYLLABUS**

**EURR 4104/5104 and PSCI 4608/5608**  
Winter Term 2006

**EUROPEAN INTEGRATION AND  
EUROPEAN SECURITY**

Wednesdays, 08:30 – 11:30 AM

**INSTRUCTOR:** Andrea Locatelli  
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**COURSE DESCRIPTION**

The aim of the course is to analyze the European security environment from both a theoretical and an empirical perspective. As a result, attention will be focused not just on the European Security and Defense Policy (ESDP), but first and foremost on the security context surrounding the EU. Several questions will be raised, in particular: how to conceptualize security at present? Are the existing theories of International Relations and European Integration helpful in comprehending security challenges? Which threats or risks are credible, and how should they be dealt with? If, as many argue, the EU lives into a Kantian world, the same definitions of security and security challenges must be questioned. Obviously, special attention will be devoted to the peculiar nature of the European Union, and its efforts to develop a defense capability of its own. Also, particular attention will be devoted to the implications of an Europe more assertive on its external relations. Is Europe doomed to dissipate its civilian power? Can a strong defense policy be a substitute for a weak foreign policy? Should Europe address the current unbalance vis-à-vis the United States? In raising these questions, the European Union will be the privileged empirical reference. Yet, when necessary to understand the problem of cooperation in shaping a common foreign policy, the national perspective will be also taken into consideration. Finally, each class has a two-fold purpose: to present the current literature on the topic of the day, and discuss the policy implications of the issue.

## COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Students have to comply with the following requirements:

- a) students are expected to regularly attend class sessions and to actively take part in class debate.
- b) Students are expected to do the assigned course readings.
- c) Students are required to present a short presentation on a course-related topic (maximum of 15 minutes). The aim of the presentation is to sum up and comment one of the readings of the day (maximum 15 minutes), Students are required to write a research paper (10-12 pages) on the topic of his/her class briefing.
- d) At the end of the course Students will have to take a final written exam.

In addition (*for graduate students only*):

- e) Graduate students will also have to prepare and present a critical book review (4-6 pages) on an assigned book focusing on a specific issue of European integration or European security.

## EVALUATION

|   |   |
|---|---|
| General class participation                                     | 10% of grade  |
| Final exam  | 40% of grade  |
| Oral presentation (briefing)                                    | 20% of grade  |
| Research paper<br>(including book review for graduate students) | 30% of grade ( <i>paper due April 7</i> )<br><i>(20% on term paper and 10 % on book review for graduate students)</i> |

The final exam will be held in class on **April 12, 2005**. It will be essay style (with two questions to be answered) and take 1 hour. Students will be responsible for all material discussed prior to the exam date. Students who miss examinations for non-medical reasons will not have the opportunity to rewrite. Medical exemptions will require documentation. No alternate final exams will be scheduled.

### Required Readings:

All required readings will be available at the NPDIA Resource Centre (after January 20). A list of the assigned readings will be sent to all course participants by email. Both readings and lectures/class activities are crucial components of the course and are interrelated.

## RESEARCH PAPER

The research paper should be 10-12 pages in length (not including footnotes and bibliography), and should demonstrate substantial library and database research. It should be constructed around a thesis statement (hypothesis) and supporting arguments with evidence (including references and footnotes). Students are required to write an *essay*, i.e. an analytical work that should both track a specific question and draw some general conclusions.

The paper is expected to:

- a) Ask a why or how question.
- b) Present an analytical argument that is a clear answer to the question.
- c) Address some of the literature related to the question (possible answers).
- d) Offer some compelling evidence to support the argument.

This term paper must include:

- a) A short summary (half page).
- b) A general introduction and the key question(s).
- c) The main analytical part, i.e. the body of the paper (this section should also be devoted to supporting your thesis statement).
- d) Conclusions and/or outlook.
- e) Final bibliography.

### Specific formal requirements:

- a) Papers must be typed
- b) You must footnote all references (quotes, use of evidence, etc...)
- c) You must include a final bibliography
- d) The essay must adhere to standard rules of English concerning spelling, grammar, and vocabulary
- e) Length: 10 pages, not including notes and bibliography
- f) Font: 12 points
- g) Spacing: double-spaced

## EMAIL LIST

An email list will be set up for the purpose of the class. Important announcements or relevant articles/material will be sent to you during the entire semester. If any of you, for whatever reason, would prefer not to be included in this email list, please contact me by email or talk to me directly. I also warmly encourage you to email me for comments, questions, or feedback.

## TERM OUTLINE

### WEEK 1 (January 4)

#### INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW OF THE COURSE

- Presentation of the course: aims, organization, class-by-class overview.
- Assignments: suggestions for a successful mid-term paper.
- Introduction to European Security: A Hazardous European Dream?

### WEEK 2 (January 11)

#### WHAT IS EUROPE? (1) – NEITHER A STATE, NOR AN ALLIANCE

**Key Topics:** In this class the nature of the European Union will be analyzed. The EU is neither a state, nor a common alliance. The result is a conceptual weakness in understanding the particular constraints that the EU must face in order to develop a common foreign policy. The in-class discussion will highlight these limits and point towards future research avenues.

#### **Recommended Readings:**

- R. Rosecrance, *The European Union: A New Type of International Actor*, in J. Zielonka, (ed.), *Paradoxes of European Foreign Policy*. The Hague: Kluwer Law International, 1998, 15-23.
- K. E. Jorgenson, *The European Union's Performance in World Politics: How Should We Measure Success?*, in J. Zielonka (ed.), *Paradoxes of European Foreign Policy*. The Hague: Kluwer Law International, 1998, 87-102.
- B. White, "The European Challenge to Foreign Policy Analysis", *European Journal of International Relations* 5,1, 1999, 37-66.

#### **Readings for Graduate Students only:**

J. Zielonka (ed.), *Europe Unbound*, London: Routledge, 2002, ch. 2, 3.

#### **Further Readings:**

- S. Hoffmann, "Towards a Common European Foreign and Security Policy?" *Journal of Common Market Studies* 38, 2: 189-198.
- C. Archer, F. Butler. *The European Union: Structure and Process*, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., London: Pinter 1996.
- E. Bomberg, A. Stubb (eds.), *The European Union: How Does it Work?* Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.
- J. Gillingham, *European Integration, 1950-2003: Superstate or New Market Economy?* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- N. Nugent, *The Government and Politics of the European Union*, 4<sup>th</sup> ed., Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1999.
- J. Peterson, M. Shackleton (eds.), *The Institutions of the European Union*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2002.

### WEEK 3 (January 18)

#### WHAT IS EUROPE? (2) – MAKING SENSE OF EUROPEAN INTEGRATION

**Key Topics:** This class is intended to familiarize students with the current literature on European integration. In particular, attention will be devoted to the contribution of the liberal and realist approaches to the understanding of the European cooperation in foreign policy.

**Recommended Readings:**

- H. Sijrsen, "Understanding the Common Foreign and Security Policy. Analytical Building Blocks," in M. Knodt, S. Princen (eds.), *Understanding the European Union's External Relations*, Part I, Ch. 2, pp. 35-53.
- B. Posen, "ESPD and the Structure of World Power", *The International Spectator*, 39, 1, 2004, 5-17.
- T. Ash, "Europe's Endangered Liberal Order", *Foreign Affairs*, 77 (2), March-April, 1998, 51-65.

**Readings for Graduate Students only:**

- M. Smith, "Institutionalization, Policy Adaptation and European Foreign Policy Cooperation", *European Journal of International Relations*, 10, No. 1, 2004, 95-136.

**Further Readings:**

- A. Moravcsik, "Preferences and Power in the European Community: A Liberal Intergovernmentalist Approach", *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 31 (34), December 1993, 473-519.
- M. Smith, *Europe's Foreign and Security Policy. The Institutionalization of Cooperation*, Part I, Ch. 1, 17-36.
- M. Smith, *Europe's Foreign and Security Policy. The Institutionalization of Cooperation*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2004.
- E. Krahnemann, *Multilevel Networks in European Foreign Policy*, Ashgate, 2002.
- P. Gordon, "Europe's Uncommon Foreign Policy", *International Security*, 22 (3), Winter 1997-98, 74-100.

**WEEK 4 (January 25)**

WHAT IS EUROPE? (3) – EUROPE AS A CIVILIAN POWER?

**Key Topics:** Is Europe a great power? What kind of great power? The current label of "civilian power", coined in the 70s, seems to be abused. Can we still talk of a "civilian power Europe"? Would it be feasible for Europe to forsake the non-civilian dimension of power in the future? Is this good or bad for European security?

**Recommended Readings:**

- I. Manners, "Normative Power Europe: A Contradiction in Terms?", *The Journal of Common Market Studies*, 40 (2), 2002, 235-58.
- F. Petiteville, "Exporting 'Values'? EU External Co-operation as a 'Soft Diplomacy'", in M. Knodt, S. Princen, (eds.), *Understanding the European Union's External Relations*. London: Routledge, 2003, 127-141.
- K. Smith, "The End of Civilian Power EU: A Welcome Demise or Cause for Concern?", *International Spectator*, 23 (2), 2000, 11-28.
- S. Everts, "A Word of Advice from Europe: Soft Power Works", *The National Interest*, 1 (6), October 2002.

**Readings for Graduate Students only:**

- A. Treacher 'From Civilian Power to Military Actor: the EU's Resistable Transformation', *European Foreign Affairs Review* 9(1), 2004, 49-66.

**Further Readings:**

- M. Kohnstamm, W. Hager (eds.), *A Nation Writ Large? Foreign Policy Problems before the European Community*, London: Macmillan, 1973.

- F. Duchêne, “Europe in World Peace”, in Richard Mayne, (ed.), *Europe Tomorrow*, London: Fontana-Collins, 1972, pp. 32-49.
- F. Duchêne, “The European Community and The Uncertainties of Interdependence”, in M. Kohnstamm, W. Hager (eds.), *A Nation Writ Large? Foreign Policy Problems before the European Community*, London: Macmillan, 1973, pp.1-21.
- H. Bull, “Civilian Power Europe: A Contradiction in Terms?”, *The Journal of Common Market Studies*, 21 (1-2), 1982, 149-165.
- H. Maull, “Germany and Japan: The New Civilian Powers”, *Foreign Affairs*, 69 (5), 1990, 91-106.
- R. Whitman, *From Civilian Power to Superpower? The International Identity of the European Union*. Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1998.
- A. Treacher ‘From Civilian Power to Military Actor: the EU’s Resistable Transformation’, *European Foreign Affairs Review* 9(1), 2004.
- I. Manners, R. Whitman, “Towards Identifying the International Identity of the European Union: A Framework for Analysis of the EU’s Network of Relations”, *The Journal of European Integration*, 21 (2), 1998, 231-249.

## WEEK 5 (February 1)

### THREATS TO EUROPE: (1) – THREATS, RISKS, AND SECURITY

**Key Topics:** The common (mainly realist) approach to security emphasizes the challenges posed to states by other states. Yet, no state seems to pose a real threat to Europe. Non-state actors, diseases, and other challenges seem more threatening. The aim of the class, as a result, is to investigate on the relevance and nature of these phenomena, and understand whether Europe is well or bed equipped to deal with them.

#### **Recommended Readings:**

- A. Hyde-Price, ‘Beware the Jabberwock! Security Studies in the Twenty-First Century,’ in Gaertner et al. (eds.). *Europe’s New Security Challenges*, pp. 27-54.
- C. Coker, *Globalization and Insecurity in the Twenty-First Century: NATO and the Management of Risk*, Adelphi Paper 345, 2002, ch. 3.
- A. Missiroli (ed.), *Disasters, Diseases, Disruptions: A New D-Drive for the EU*, Chaillot Paper N. 83, 2005, ch. 5.

#### **Readings for Graduate Students only:**

- R. Keohane, C. Wallander, “Risk, Threat, and Security Institutions”, in Haftendorn, Wallander, and Keohane (eds.), *Imperfect Unions*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1999, Ch. 1, 21-47.

#### **Further Readings:**

- S. Walt, “The Renaissance of Security Studies,” *International Studies Quarterly* 35, 2, 1991, 211–39.
- B. Buzan, *People, States, and Fear: The National Security Problem in International Relations*, London: Wheatsheaf, 1983.
- O. Wæver, B. Buzan, M. Kelstrup, and P. Lemaitre (eds.), *Identity, Migration, and the New Security Agenda in Europe*, New York: St. Martin’s, 1993.
- O. Wæver, “Identity, Integration and Security. Solving the Sovereignty Puzzle in EU Studies”, *Journal of International Affairs*, 48 (2), 1995.
- O. Wæver, *Europe’s Three Empires: A Watsonian Interpretation of Post-Wall European Security*, in R. Fawn, J. Larkin, *International Society after the Cold War*, London: Macmillan, 1996.
- M. Weiner and S. Stanton Russell (eds.), *Demography and National Security*, New York: Berghahn, 2001.

## WEEK 6 (February 8)

### THREATS TO EUROPE: (2) – ETHNIC CONFLICT AND INTERVENTION

**Key topics:** The war in former Yugoslavia proved how limited is the European willingness to use force. Nonetheless, this failure also proves that conflict prevention can be a valuable alternative for Europe. The Balkans are still a hot spot, where the rise of uncontrolled violence remains a possible outcome. The aim of the class is to discuss the European potential in preventing conflict and, in case, settle down ethnic disputes.

#### **Recommended Readings:**

C. Hill, “The EU’s Capacity for Conflict Prevention”, *European Foreign Affairs Review*, 6, 2001, 315-333.

M. Ortega, *Military Intervention and the European Union*, Chaillot Paper 45, 2000, 31-60, 101-120.

#### **Readings for Graduate Students only:**

M. Abramowitz, H. Hulburt, *Can the EU Hack the Balkans?: A Proving Ground for Brussels*, “Foreign Affairs”, 81 (5), September/October 2002, 2-7.

A. Hills, *Border Security in the Balkans: Europe’s Gatekeepers*, Adelphi Paper No. 371, 2004, ch. 1.

#### **Further Readings:**

J. Batt (ed.), *The Western Balkans: Moving on*, Chaillot Paper No. 70, 2004.

D. Allin, *NATO’s Balkan Interventions*, Adelphi Paper 347, 2002.

R. Connaughton, *Military Intervention and Peacekeeping*, London: Ashgate, 2001.

O. Hampson, D. Maone, *From Reaction to Conflict Prevention*, Lynne Rienner, 2001.

C. Leopard, *Rethinking Humanitarian Intervention*, Philadelphia: Penn State University Press, 2002.

B. Giegerich, W. Wallace, “Not Such a Soft Power: the External Deployment of European Forces”, *Survival*, 46 (2), Summer 2004, 163-182.

N. MacFarlane, *Intervention in Contemporary World Politics*, Adelphi Paper 350, 2002.

R. Mandel, *Armies without States*, Lynne Rienner, 2002.

E. McInnes, N. Wheeler (eds.), *Dimensions of Western Military Intervention*, Frank Cass, 2002.

## WEEK 7 (February 15)

### THREATS TO EUROPE: (3) – INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM

**Key topics:** Terrorism does not affect only the United States or some remote region of the Third World. Most European states have been affected by the plague of terror in the past, but the recent attacks in Madrid and London call for a renewed attention to the problem. Should the European states face terrorism on their own, or should they cooperate? What are the advantages of a common European strategy against terrorism?

#### **Recommended Readings:**

P. Wilkinson, *International Terrorism: The Changing Threat and the EU’s Response*, Chaillot Paper No. 84, 2005.

#### **Readings for Graduate Students only:**

C. Grant, *The Eleventh of September and beyond. The Impact on the European Union*, in L. Freedman (ed.), *Superterrorism: Policy Responses*, London: Blackwell, 2002, 135-154.

#### **Further Readings:**

- D. Keohane, *The EU and Counter-Terrorism*, London: Centre for European Reform, May 2005.
- K. von Hippel, *Europe Confronts Terrorism*, London: Palgrave MacMillan, 2004.
- M. Dittrich, *Facing the Global Terrorist Threat: A European Response*, European Policy Centre Working Paper, n° 14, January 2005.
- J. Shapiro, B. Suzan, "The French Experience of Counter-Terrorism", *Survival*, 45 (1), 2003, 67-98.
- J. Stevenson, *Counter-Terrorism: Containment and Beyond*, Adelphi Paper 364, 2004.
- E. Kohlmann, *Al-Qaida's Jihad in Europe: The Afghan-Bosnian Network*, Oxford, New York: Berg, 2004.

## WEEK 8 / WINTER BREAK (February 22)

### WEEK 9 (March 1)

SEARCHING FOR CAPABILITIES: (1) – THE EUROPEAN SECURITY STRATEGY. AND SO WHAT?

**Key topic:** Any European attempt to play a bigger international role should be matched with a serious effort to build the necessary capabilities. Yet, bridging the capability gap is not enough. Defense strategy is based on an ends-means chain, where capabilities represent just the second element of the dyad. In other words, resources are pointless if they are not oriented towards a higher goal, and such a goal is defined by a strategic vision. Does Europe have such a vision? Is it coherent with its interests? Does it fix realistic targets?

#### **Recommended Reading:**

- A Secure Europe in a Better World*. European Security Strategy. Brussels, 12 December 2003. Available at <http://ue.eu.int/uedocs/cmsUpload/78367.pdf>.
- J.Y. Haine, Jean-Yves: "Idealism and Power: The New EU Security Strategy", *Current History*, March 2004, pp. 107-112.
- F. Heisbourg, chapter in S. Everts, L. Freedman, C. Grant, F. Heisbourg, D. Keohane, M. O'Hanlon, *A European Way of War*, CER paper, 2004.

#### **Readings for Graduate Students only:**

- F. Heisbourg, "Europe's Strategic Ambitions: The Limits of Ambiguity", *Survival*, 42 (2), 2000, 5-15.

#### **Further Readings:**

- J. Lindley-French, F. Algieri, *A European Defence Strategy*, Gütersloh: Bertelsmann Foundation, May 2004.
- Oxford Journal on Good Governance*, Volume 1, Number 1, entire issue.

### WEEK 10 (March 8)

SEARCHING FOR CAPABILITIES: (2) – HARD TIMES FOR THE EUROPEAN DEFENSE AND SECURITY POLICY

**Key topics:** The European Security and Defense Policy (ESDP) poses even more challenges to cooperation than the CFSP. Both at the communitarian and the national level, the attempts to strengthen the European armed forces remain quite sluggish. Why should Europe embark on such a costly enterprise? How should resources be directed? What are the prospects for the future?

#### **Recommended Readings:**

- M. Flournoy, J. Smith (eds.), *European Defense Integration: Bridging the Gap between Strategy and Capabilities*, Washington, D.C.: the Center for Strategic and International Studies, October 2005, ch. 1, 2, 4, 6.



Kernic, Franz et al. (eds.), *The European Armed Forces in Transition*, Frankfurt: Lang, 2005, Chapter 1.

**Readings for Graduate Students only:**

Schake Kori, *Constructive Duplication: Reducing EU Reliance on US Military Assets*, CER Working Paper, 2002.

**Further Readings:**

G. Andreani, C. Bertram, C. Grant, *Europe's Military Revolution*, Centre for European Reform, 2001.

J. Chanaa, *Security Sector Reform*, Adelphi Paper 344, 2002.

S. Everts, L. Freedman, C. Grant, F. Heisbourg, D. Keohane, M. O'Hanlon, *A European Way of War*, CER paper, 2004.

F. Heisbourg, *European Defense: Making it Work*, Challiot Paper 42, 2000.

Hagman Hans-Christian, *European Crisis Management and Defence: The Search for Capabilities*, in "Adelphi Papers", n. 353, 2002.

Heisbourg François L. J., "Europe's Military Revolution", *Joint Forces Quarterly*, 34, Spring 2002, 28-32.

Gompert David C., Kugler Richard L., Libicki Martin C., *Mind the Gap. Promoting a Transatlantic Revolution in Military Affairs*, Washington DC, National Defense University Press, 1999.

Yost David S., "The NATO Capabilities Gap and the European Union", *Survival*, 42 (4), Winter 2000-2001, 97-128.

O'Hanlon Michael E., "The American Way of War: The Lessons for Europe", in S. Everts, L. Freedman, C. Grant, F. Heisbourg, D. Keohane e M. O'Hanlon (eds.), *A European Way of War*, CER paper, 2004, 41-53.

Anand Menon 'From crisis to catharsis: ESDP after Iraq', *International Affairs*, 80(4), pp.631-648.

**WEEK 11 (March 15)**

**EUROPE'S RELEVANCE IN WORLD AFFAIRS (1) – THE TRANSATLANTIC BARGAIN**

**Key Topics:** After the so-called Bush revolution in foreign policy, Europe and the US seem to diverge on a lot of issues. Actually, the problem seems even tougher if one looks at the division within Europe when it comes to deal with the American partner. Even now, almost three years after the Iraq war, tension remains between the two shores of the Atlantic. The aim of the class is to discuss how deep is the rift between Europe and the US, and discuss the influence of a stronger Europe on the Transatlantic alliance.

**Recommended Readings:**

Kagan, Robert, "Power and Weakness." *Policy Review*, 113, June 2002.

Cox Michael, "The Transatlantic Crisis Again: US-European Relations after 9:11", *Journal of Transatlantic Studies*, Special Issue, 2003, pp. 37-55.

I. Daalder, "The End of Atlanticism", *Survival*, 45 (2), 2003, 147-166.

**Readings for Graduate Students only:**

Moravcsik Andrew, "Striking a New Transatlantic Bargain" *Foreign Affairs*, 82 (4), July/August 2003, 74-89.

**Further Readings:**

Nye, Joseph S. Jr. "U.S. Power and Strategy After Iraq", *Foreign Affairs*, 82 (4), July/August 2003, 60-73.

K. J. Thomas, *The Military Challenges of Transatlantic Coalitions*, Adelphi Paper 333, 2000.

- Sloan, Stanley R. *NATO, the European Union, and the Atlantic Community. The Transatlantic Bargain Reconsidered*, Lanham: Rowman & Littlefield, 2003.
- H. Gaertner, "European Security, the Transatlantic Link, and Crisis Management", in; H. Gaertner et al. (eds.), *Europe's New Security Challenges*, Chapter 7, pp. 125-148.
- R. Whitman, "NATO, the EU and ESDP: An Emerging Division of Labour?", *Contemporary Security Policy*, 25 (3), December 2004, pp. 430-451.
- Peters John E., Johnson Stuart, Bensahel Nora, Liston Timothy, Williams Tracy, *European Contributions to Operation Allied Force: Applications for Transatlantic Cooperation*, Santa Monica CA, Rand, 2001.
- European Foreign Affairs Review*, 8 (4), 2003, special issue on transatlantic relations.

## WEEK 12 (March 22)

### EUROPE'S RELEVANCE IN WORLD AFFAIRS (2) – EUROPE'S CONTRIBUTION TO WORLD STABILITY

**Key Topics:** The European Union's main referent abroad is the United States. Obviously, this does not mean that the US is the only state the EU has relationships with. On the contrary, an European presence is slowly appearing on several other regions of the world. For sure, the European voice outside its borders has been quite weak. Yet, prospects for a more active European role exist. From the Middle East to China, a stronger European diplomacy could work as a factor of stability. The aim of the class is to discuss the potential (and limits) of a more assertive Europe for world stability.

#### **Recommended Readings:**

- Allen, D. and M. Smith, "Western Europe's Presence in the Contemporary International Arena", *Review of International Studies*, 16, 19-37.
- K. Becher, "Has-Been, Wannabe, or Leader: Europe's Role in the World After the 2003 European Security Strategy", *European Security*, 13 (4), 2004, pp. 345-359.
- J. Peterson, M. E. Smith, *The EU as a Global Actor*, in Bomberg & Stubb (eds.), *The European Union: How Does it Work?* Chapter 10, pp. 195-214.

#### **Readings for Graduate Students only:**

- M. Smith "The EU as an International Actor", in J. Richardson (ed.), *European Union: Power and Policy-Making (2nd ed.)* (Routledge, 2001), pp.283-302.

#### **Further Readings:**

- E. Adler, M. Barnett, *Security Communities*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998.
- Bretherton, C. and J. Vogler, *The European Union as a Global Actor*, London: Routledge, 1999.
- J. Ikenberry, *America Unrivaled*, Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 2002.
- Kupchan Charles A., *The End of the American Era. U.S. Foreign Policy and the Geopolitics of the Twenty-First Century*. New York: A. Knopf, 2002.
- Jorgensen, Knud Erik. 'Making the CFSP Work,' in: Peterson & Shackleton (eds.), *The Institutions of the European Union*, Chapter 10, pp. 210-232.

## WEEK 13 (March 29)

#### **Key Topics:**

- Final Discussion
- Final oral presentations
- Conclusion

**FINAL EXAM (April 12)**

## Key Reference Books

B. Rosamond, *Theories of European Integration*, Polity Press, 2003.

K. Smith, *European Union Foreign Policy in a Changing World*, Polity Press, 2003.

***Panorama of the European Union [cartographic material]*, European Commission.** Publisher Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, 2003 (library use only)

*Core Documents of European Security and Defense* (4 volumes), edited by the WEU/ EU Institute for Security Studies (compiled by Maartje Rutten, Jean-Yves Haine, and Antonio Missiroli) are available as full text pdf documents at the ISS Homepage: [www.iss-eu.org](http://www.iss-eu.org).

Relevant web sites:

<http://europa.eu.int> (in particular, the European Commission External Relations website [http://europa.eu.int/comm/external\\_relations/index.htm](http://europa.eu.int/comm/external_relations/index.htm))

[www.nato.int](http://www.nato.int)

<http://www.osce.org>

[www.iue.it](http://www.iue.it)

[www.euractiv.org](http://www.euractiv.org)

[www.uaces.org](http://www.uaces.org)

## GATEWAYS

[International Relations and Security Network](#). A leading resource in the field of defense studies, security, peace, conflict research and international relations.

[Social Science Information Gateway](#) (SOSIG). This service aims to provide a trusted source of selected, high quality Internet information for researchers and practitioners in the social sciences.

[The WWW Virtual Library: International Affairs Resources](#). The WWW Virtual Library system presents over 2000 annotated links in a range of international affairs topics.

## EU Information Material

*The History of the European Union: A Chronology from 1946 to 2001*, Brussels: European Union, 2002.

Fontaine, Pascal. *Europe in 12 Lessons*, Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, 2004.

*Key facts and figures about the European Union*, Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, 2004.

*More Unity and More Diversity. The European Union's Biggest Enlargement*, Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, 2003.

*Glossary. Institutions, Policies, and Enlargement of the European Union*, Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, 2000.

### **Basic texts on the European Union**

- A. Menon, "The Foreign and Security Policies of the European Union", in M. Green Cowles, D. Dinan (eds.), *Developments in the European Union 2*, London: Palgrave Macmillan, 2004, pp. 221-236.
- M. Brenner, *Europe's New Security Vocation*, McNair Paper 66, NDU, 2002.
- D. Calleo, *Rethinking Europe's Future*, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2001.
- T. Christiansen, B. Tonra, *Rethinking EU Foreign Policy*, Manchester: Manchester University Press, 2003.
- A. Deighton (ed.), *Western European Union 1954-97: Defense Security Integration*, London: St. Anthony's College, 1997.
- J. Gaertner et al. (eds.), *Europe's New Security Challenges*, Boulder: Lynne Rienner, 2001.
- B. Hill, *The Changing Politics of Foreign Policy*, London: Palgrave, 2002.
- C. Hill (ed.), *Actors in Europe's Foreign Policy*, London: Routledge, 1996.
- C. Hill, K. E. Smith (eds.), *European Foreign Policy: Key Documents*, London: Routledge, 2000.
- M. Holland (ed.), *Common Foreign and Security Policy: The Record and Reforms*, London: Pinter, 1997.
- R. Mayne (ed.), *Europe Tomorrow*, London: Fontana-Collins, 1972.
- R. McAllister, R. Dannreuther (eds.), *The EU and NATO Enlargements*, Routledge, 2002.
- McCormick, John. *Understanding the European Union. A Concise Introduction*, New York: St. Martin's Press, 1999.
- J. Peterson, H. Sjursen (eds.), *A Common Foreign Policy for Europe? Competing Visions of the CFSP*, London: Routledge, 1998.
- E. Regelsberger, P. Shoutheete de Tervarent, W. Wessels (eds.), *Foreign Policy of the European Union: From EPC to CFSP and Beyond*, Boulder: Lynne Rienner Publishers, 1997.
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