### ACCT 5120
### ADVANCED CONCEPTS I

#### COURSE OUTLINE
#### SUMMER 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instructors</th>
<th>Francois Brouard, DBA, FCPA, CPA</th>
<th>Merridee Bujaki, PhD, CPA, CA</th>
<th>Jacques Maurice, MBA, FCPA, FCA, FCMA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Office</td>
<td>DT 1725</td>
<td>DT 1010</td>
<td>DT 923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>613-520-2600 x 2213</td>
<td>613-520-2600 x 2774</td>
<td>613-520-2393</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-mail</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Francois.brouard@carleton.ca">Francois.brouard@carleton.ca</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:Merridee.bujaki@carleton.ca">Merridee.bujaki@carleton.ca</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:jacmaurice@sprott.carleton.ca">jacmaurice@sprott.carleton.ca</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Hours</td>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>Mondays and Wednesdays from 13:00 – 14:30 from June 3 - 29</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### Course Timing

12 classes of 3 hours per class in May & June – Mondays and Wednesdays 9:00 – 12:00 from May 20 to June 29.

#### Calendar Description:

An in-depth exploration of selected topics in financial accounting, assurance and taxation.

#### Course Description:

This course builds upon and integrates knowledge previously gained in financial reporting, audit / assurance and taxation in an undergraduate program. It dives deeper into technical and complex issues, helps develop professional judgement, and focuses on the ability to integrate the various competencies together. It hones the skills required to be a professional accountant.
Course Objectives:

1. Develop an in-depth understanding of advanced accounting topics under IFRS, APSE and accounting for Not-for-Profit Organizations
2. Develop an in-depth understanding of audit engagement planning including risk assessment and materiality, and an in-depth understanding of review and compilation engagements
3. Develop an in-depth understanding of selected taxation issues

Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites to this course. By virtue of being admitted to the MAcc program, you have demonstrated coverage of the entry requirements to the program.

Course Requirements & Methods of Evaluation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Participation</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignments</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Term Project</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Exam – 4 hours</td>
<td>50%</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The grading scale used to calculate your final grade will be the one listed in the Carleton University Graduate Calendar:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>85 – 89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>80 – 84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>77 – 79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>73 – 76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-</td>
<td>70 – 72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>67 – 69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>63 – 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-</td>
<td>60 – 62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>57 – 59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>53 – 56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D-</td>
<td>50 – 52</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Participation - In-Class Case Preparation

One of the most important requirements for this course is a thorough preparation and analysis of the assigned case, reading material and active participation in the classroom. The learning in the class will focus more on the thought process in analyzing business and accounting situations, not just on the solutions per se. In order to derive maximum benefit from the cases, it is essential that you mentally 'get inside' the case situation. Do not approach a case as you would a chapter in a book or an article in a magazine. You are not an observer, but a participant. If a case centers on a decision that needs to be made, put yourself in the shoes of the decision maker. Feel the frustration he or she feels with respect to data limitations. Feel the pressures he or she feels with respect to difficult tradeoffs, limited resources, political conflicts, or whatever. Once in class, share your ideas with others as we work jointly to resolve the issues.
In preparing the cases, the following simple rules may be useful:

1. Adopt a management posture in analyzing cases. Use the assignment questions as a guide only. Your answer should highlight what you, as a professional accountant, see as the strengths or weaknesses in a given situation.

2. Familiarize yourself with the facts of the case. Outline the industry and competitive context and the core strategic tasks that the firm should excel at.

3. Support your analysis with facts from the case. Most cases will not contain all data you might like to have. Nevertheless, you'll be surprised at how easily you can make accurate inferences and useful assumptions if you simply give the current management the benefit of the doubt.

**Participation - In the classroom**

Our expectation is that you will come to class having already thought through and analyzed the cases. This way, we can devote the bulk of the class to thinking and responding to each other's analyses to the case and only the necessary minimum to getting the facts out.

We encourage active student participation in class. We should point out that most students typically tend to underestimate rather than overestimate the worth of what they have to say. Thus, if you are ever in doubt, we encourage you to speak up rather than staying quiet.

**Evaluation of Class Participation**

The vast majority of professional accountants' interactions with others are oral. Depending on the specialty, they may spend very little time reading and even less time writing reports. For this reason, the development of oral skills is given a high priority in this course. The classroom should be considered a laboratory in which you can test your ability to convince your peers of the correctness of your views. Some of the characteristics of effective class participation are as follows:

1. Are the points that are made relevant to the discussion in terms of increasing everyone's understanding, or are they merely regurgitation of case facts?

2. Do the comments take into consideration the ideas offered by others earlier in the class, or are the points isolated and disjointed? The best contributions tend to be those which reflect not only excellent preparation, but good listening, and interpretative and integrative skills as well.

3. Do the comments show evidence of a thorough reading and analysis of the case/reading?

4. Does the participant distinguish among different kinds of data; that is, facts, opinions, assumptions, and inferences?
(5) Is there willingness to test new ideas or are all comments cautious/"safe"?

(6) Is the participant willing to interact with other class members by asking questions or challenging conclusions?

Clearly, you must participate in class if you are going to share your ideas with others. There is no need to contribute in every class. Some of the best contributors in the past have been those who participated in only three or four sessions. Their contributions, however, were insightful and persuasive. The issue is one of quality not quantity or frequency.

Given below is a description of how we propose to 'calibrate' your class contributions:

**Outstanding contributor:** Contributions in class reflect thorough preparation. Ideas offered are usually substantive, provide one or more major insights as well as direction for the class. Arguments, when offered, are well substantiated and persuasively presented. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of the discussions would be diminished significantly.

**Good contributor:** Contributions in class reflect thorough preparation. Ideas offered are usually substantive, provide good insights and sometimes direction for the class. Arguments, when presented, are generally well substantiated and are often persuasive. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of the discussions would be diminished considerably.

**Adequate contributor:** Contributions in class reflect satisfactory preparation. Ideas offered are sometimes substantive, provide generally useful insights, but seldom offer a major new direction for the discussion. Arguments are sometimes presented, and are fairly well substantiated and sometimes persuasive. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of the discussions would be diminished somewhat.

**Non-participant:** This person has said little or nothing in class. Hence, there is no adequate basis for evaluation. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of the discussions would not be changed.

**Unsatisfactory contributor:** Contributions in class reflect inadequate preparation. Ideas offered are seldom substantive, provide few, if any, insights; and never a constructive direction for the class. Integrative comments and effective arguments are absent. Class contributions are, at best, 'cherry-picking' efforts making isolated, obvious, and confusing points. If this person were not a member of the class, valuable air time would be saved.
Assignments

Assignments are to be completed individually and the best 5 out of 6 assignments will be counted towards the final grade.

More information for the content of the assignments will be provided in cuLearn as the course progresses.

Group Term Project

Groups of 3-4 students will select one of the following standards, analyze and present a report outlining:

- a two page summary of the standard’s requirements
- several examples of the application of the standard in Canadian public company annual reports and how these examples relate to the standard in question, and
- 2-3 pages outlining some of the requirements of the standard that are not common, i.e. that would apply to non-routine transactions
- 1 page providing recommendations to the Accounting Standards Board outlining recommendations for improvements to the standard

The standards list is as follows:

IFRS 2  Share Based Payments
IFRS 3  Business Combinations
IFRS 5  Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
IFRS 10  Consolidated Financial Statements
IFRS 11/IAS28 Joint Arrangements and Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
IFRS 13  Fair Value Measurement
IFRS 14  Revenue from Contracts with Customers
IAS 12  Income Taxes
IAS 16  Property, Plant and Equipment
IAS 19  Employee Benefits
IAS 36  Impairment of Assets
IAS 37  Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

You are to provide the instructor with the following by June 8: (1) the names of the members of your group and (2) your first, second and third choice of standard to analyze. The instructors will let you know which standard your group will analyze by June 10. We will try to meet one of your three choices, but it is possible that you get assigned a standard that was not one of your three choices. Your report will be due on June 24 and will be presented to the class on June 29. The marks allocated to the project will be 10% for the written report and 5% for the class presentation. The class presentation will consist of a 10-12 minute presentation followed by a 5 minute question period.
Final Exam

The final exam will be comprehensive in nature and will cover the whole course. Only non-programmable calculators (without alpha storage capabilities) will be permitted for use during examinations. Translation dictionaries are allowed as long as they are in print format and do not contain any handwritten notes. Electronic translation dictionaries are not allowed. The format of the final exam will consist of objective questions (multiple choice and task based simulations), problems and case studies.

The final exam will be held on Monday July 6 from 9:00 – 13:00.

Development of Enabling Competencies

One of the objectives of the M.Acc. is the development of the following enabling competencies and this course will develop these competencies as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competencies</th>
<th>Development</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Professional and Ethical Behaviour</td>
<td>Professional and Ethical Behaviour and Problem Solving and Decision Making will be developed on a weekly basis through the discussion and analysis of case studies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Problem Solving and Decision Making</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Communication (written and oral)</td>
<td>Communication will be assessed through your in-class participation, written assignments and the term project – report and in-class presentation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Self-Management</td>
<td>Self-Management will be assessed by in-class participation and will reflect on your ability to keep up with the course materials on an on-going basis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Teamwork and Leadership</td>
<td>Teamwork and leadership will be assessed through the group project.</td>
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Problems and Case Studies

The majority of the problems and case studies will be drawn from the following textbooks. At times, we will use case studies from other sources (i.e. professional associations previous exams, instructors, IVEY or Harvard Cases).


### Topical Coverage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Date/ Instructor</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>CPA Competency Map References</th>
<th>Classroom Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>May 20 Bujaki</td>
<td>Risk assessment and audit planning; Ethical Behaviour</td>
<td>4.1.1</td>
<td>Case Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>May 25 Brouard</td>
<td>Calculation of taxable income and taxes payable for individuals and corporations in routine situations. Exploration of in-depth taxation issues.</td>
<td>6.1.1 6.1.2 6.2.1 6.2.2</td>
<td>Case Studies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>May 27 Brouard</td>
<td>Calculation of taxable income and taxes payable for individuals and corporations in routine situations. Exploration of in-depth taxation issues.</td>
<td>6.1.4 6.1.5 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.2.6 6.3.1</td>
<td>Case Studies Assignment 1 will consist of short case studies on the class 2 and 3 topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>June 1 Bujaki</td>
<td>Understanding and assessing internal control</td>
<td>4.1.2</td>
<td>Case Studies        Assignment 2 will consist of short case studies on the class 1 and 4 topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>Date/Instructor</td>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>CPA Competency Map References</td>
<td>Classroom Activities</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>June 3 Maurice</td>
<td>The Annual Report and Management Discussion and Analysis</td>
<td>1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.2.1, 1.4.3</td>
<td>In-depth review of an annual report  Assignment 3 will consist of cross-referencing the annual report notes to the disclosure requirements of selected standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>June 8 Maurice</td>
<td>Financial Statement Note Disclosure</td>
<td>1.3.2, 1.4.1</td>
<td>In-depth review of an annual report’s note disclosures with cross references to the disclosure requirements of the standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>June 10 Maurice</td>
<td>Financial Statement Analysis</td>
<td>1.4.1, 1.4.2, 1.4.4, 1.4.5</td>
<td>Case Studies  Assignment 4 will consist of a financial statement analysis of an entity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>June 15 Maurice</td>
<td>Consolidation, Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures</td>
<td>1.3.1, 1.3.2</td>
<td>Comprehensive Consolidation Problem  Case Study.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>June 17 Maurice</td>
<td>Financial Instruments and Hedging</td>
<td>1.3.1, 1.3.2</td>
<td>Problems and Case Study.  Assignment 5 will consist of problems and short case studies on the class 8 and 9 topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>Date/Instructor</td>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>CPA Competency Map References</td>
<td>Classroom Activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>June 22 Maurice</td>
<td>Accounting for Non-Routine Transactions</td>
<td>1.1.6 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.3.2</td>
<td>Case Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>June 24 Maurice</td>
<td>Accounting for NonProfit Organizations and Governments</td>
<td>1.3.1 1.3.2 1.1.5</td>
<td>Case Studies</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Assignment 6 will consist of problems and short case studies on the class 10 and 11 topics.</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>June 29 Maurice</td>
<td>Term Project Group Presentations</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Deferred Final Examination:
Students unable to write a final examination because of illness or other circumstances beyond their control must contact the instructor in writing to request a deferred exam. Permission may be granted when the absence is supported by a medical certificate and or appropriate document/s to support the reason for the deferral. Deferred exams are not granted for students who have made travel arrangements that conflict with examination schedule.

Policy on Mobile Devices
The use of mobile devices IS NOT PERMITTED in this class. It is disruptive to the instructor and class members. If you carry such a device to class, please make sure it is turned off. If an emergency situation requires you to keep it turned on, please discuss this with your instructor prior to class.

Group Work
The Sprott School of Business encourages group assignments in the school for several reasons. They provide you with opportunities to develop and enhance interpersonal, communication, leadership, followership and other group skills. Group assignments are also good for learning integrative skills for putting together a complex task. Your instructor may assign one or more group tasks/assignments/projects in this course. Before embarking on a specific problem as a group, it is your responsibility to ensure that the problem is meant to be a group assignment and not an individual one.

Person with Disabilities
Students with disabilities requiring academic accommodations in this course are encouraged to contact a co-ordinator at the Paul Menton Centre for Students with Disabilities to complete the necessary letters of accommodation. After registering with the PMC, make an appointment to meet and discuss your needs with me at least two weeks prior to the first in-class test or ITV midterm exam. This is necessary in order to ensure sufficient time to make the necessary arrangements. Please refer to http://www.carleton.ca/PMC/ for all PMC information.

Religious Observance
Students requesting academic accommodation on the basis of religious observance should make a formal, written request to their instructors for alternate dates and/or means of satisfying academic requirements. Such requests should be made during the first two weeks of class, or as soon as possible after the need for accommodation is known to exist, but no later than two weeks before the compulsory academic event. Accommodation is to be worked out directly and on an individual basis between the student and the instructor(s) involved. Instructors will make accommodations in a way that avoids academic disadvantage to the student.

Students or instructors who have questions or want to confirm accommodation eligibility of a religious event or practice may refer to the Equity Services website for a list of holy days and Carleton’s Academic Accommodation policies, or may contact an Equity Services Advisor in the Equity Services Department for assistance.
**Pregnancy**

Pregnant students requiring academic accommodations are encouraged to contact an Equity Advisor in Equity Services to complete a letter of accommodation. The student must then make an appointment to discuss her needs with the instructor at least two weeks prior to the first academic event in which it is anticipated the accommodation will be required.

**Academic Integrity**

Violations of academic integrity are a serious academic offence. Violations of academic integrity – presenting another’s ideas, arguments, words or images as your own, using unauthorized material, misrepresentation, fabricating or misrepresenting research data, unauthorized co-operation or collaboration or completing work for another student – weaken the quality of the degree and will not be tolerated. Penalties may include expulsion; suspension from all studies at Carleton; suspension from full-time studies; a refusal of permission to continue or to register in a specific degree program; academic probation; and a grade of Failure in the course, amongst others. Students are expected to familiarize themselves with and follow the Carleton University Student Academic Integrity Policy which is available, along with resources for compliance at: [http://www2.carleton.ca/sasc/advisingcentre/academic-integrity/](http://www2.carleton.ca/sasc/advisingcentre/academic-integrity/).
APPENDIX A – REQUIRED REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR MASTERS IN ACCOUNTING PROGRAM

CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting
CPA Canada Handbook – Assurance
    Available on-line in the Library


Appendix B: CPA Canada Knowledge Topics Covered in ACCT 5120

Most of the following knowledge topics will be covered in ACCT 5120

SECTION 1: FINANCIAL REPORTING

Introduction to Accounting
• Objectives and fundamental accounting concepts and principles (qualitative characteristics of accounting information, basic elements)
• Ethical professional judgment
• Objectives of financial reporting
• Methods of measurement
• Difference between accrual accounting compared to cash accounting
• Framework of standard setting (IFRS and ASPE)
• Financial statement users and their broad needs, standard setting, and requirement for accountability
• Accounting information systems
• The role of IT in the reporting of information, including: real-time access, remote access to information, dashboard, spreadsheet, report generator, and XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language)
• Emerging trends in accounting standards and recent updates
• Legislation that has an impact on accounting (SOX, Bill 198)

Financial Statements — Process, Design and Preparation
• The accounting cycle
• Internal control and cash (bank reconciliation, control over cash receipts and disbursements)
• Interim reporting
• Reportable segments
• Financial statements in accordance with applicable standards
• Routine disclosure requirements (notes to financial statements)
• Complex disclosure requirements (notes to financial statements)
• Role and composition of the MD&A

Issues Regarding Items in Financial Statements (under various GAAPs)
The appropriate accounting treatment for the following:
- Uncommon capital assets (e.g., natural resources, exchanges of assets, decommissioning costs)
- Pension plans and other employee future benefits
- Assets held for sale and discontinued operations
- Fair value and cash flow hedges
- Foreign currency translation
- Business combination
- Consolidated statements on date of acquisition
- Consolidated financial statements subsequent to acquisition date
• Joint ventures: proportionate consolidation or equity method
  - Complex financial instruments (e.g., perpetual debt, convertible debt, derivatives)

Financial Statement Analysis
- Vertical and horizontal analysis
- Ratios and benchmarking
- Financial statement results for various users
- Pro forma statements
- Impact of financial results on the whole organization
Financial Accounting for Not-for-Profit (NFP) Organizations
- Fund accounting
- Capital assets, and donated goods and services
- Contributions and restrictions

SECTION 4: AUDIT AND ASSURANCE

Fundamental Concepts
a) Concept of assurance
   - Economic purposes of assurance engagement
   - The expectation gap (i.e., gaps between the outcomes delivered by the assurance engagement and the expectations of the users)
b) The audit concept
   - Social and economic purposes of auditing
   - Distinction between statutory and voluntary audits

Regulatory Framework for Assurance
a) Auditing and assurance standard-setting process, including the following:
   - Formulation of auditing and assurance standards in Canada
   - Documents for comment/exposure drafts
   - Directions in assurance research
b) Monitoring of the auditing profession; i.e., Canadian Public Accountability Board (CPAB); under Canadian Securities Administrators Rule 52-108, accounting firms that audit reporting issuers must be participants in CPAB’s oversight program
c) Regulatory process in Canada; i.e., the Canadian Securities Administrators (CSA), an umbrella organization of Canada’s provincial and territorial securities regulators, whose objective is to improve, coordinate, and harmonize regulation of the Canadian capital markets
d) Implications of regulatory reporting and assurance

Audit and Assurance Process
a) Client acceptance and continuation (CAS 210)
b) Association (5020)
c) Audit planning (CAS 300)
d) Risk assessment process
   - Business risk
   - Going concern (CAS 570)
   - Risk of material misstatement (CAS 315)
   - Responsibilities relating to fraud (CAS 240)
   - Materiality (CAS 320)

types of engagements
a) Review engagements:
   - A review of general-purpose financial statements (8100, 8200, AUG 20, AUG 47)

Other engagements:
   - Compilation of a financial forecast or projection (AUG 16)
Authoritative Literature
a) Rules of Professional Conduct
b) Ethical Principles
c) CICA Handbook — Assurance:
   □ Other Canadian standards
     o Review engagements (all specifically referred to above)
     o Related services (all specifically referred to above)

SECTION 6: TAXATION

Sources and Computation of Taxable Income
a) Sources and types of income
   □ Office or employment
   □ Employee or self-employed, personal services business
   □ Business or property income
b) Capital cost allowance (CCA)
   □ General principles and definitions
   □ Special rules
c) Cumulative eligible capital (CEC)
   □ General rules
   □ Calculation of CEC
   □ Acquisition and disposition of eligible capital property
   □ Acquisition — non-arm’s length
   □ Special rules
d) Taxable capital gains and allowable capital losses
   □ General rules, definitions, and computation
   □ Identical property rule
   □ Proceeds of disposition — allocation
   □ Inadequate consideration, gifting
   □ Election — disposition of Canadian securities
   □ Business investment loss
   □ Capital gains reserves
   □ Principal residence
   □ Listed personal property
   □ Small business share rollover
   □ Personal use property
   □ Special rules
   □ Dispositions to affiliated persons
   □ Options and convertible property
   □ Adjusted cost base — inclusions and deductions
   □ Corporate dividend — transfer of property
e) Other sources of income inclusions and deductions
   □ Indirect payments
   □ Interest-free or low-interest loans
   □ Maintenance
   □ Retiring allowance and termination payments
   □ Support payments
   □ Annuity payments
   □ Transfer of retirement income and sheltered amounts
   □ Moving expenses
   □ Child care expenses
   □ Disability support deduction
Computation of Taxes Payable

a) Tax payable for a corporation
   □ Including small business deduction, general tax reduction, RDTOH, refundable Part I tax and Part IV tax
b) Tax payable for an individual
   □ Tax payable under Part 1.2
   □ Non-refundable tax credits
   □ Refundable tax credits
   □ Alternative minimum tax
c) Computation of taxable income deductions (e.g., donations, loss carry-overs, dividends, etc.)
   □ Rules applicable to all taxpayers
   □ Scientific research and experimental development
   □ Non-resident taxpayers
   □ Financially troubled businesses