SEE DOG KAYAK INC.

EXAMPLE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR A SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTREPRISE (SME)

prepared by

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This guide is designed to assist students to understand financial statements of a small and medium-sized entreprise (SME). This guide is prepared primarily for university students taking financial accounting or entrepreneurship courses or seminars.

See Dog Kayak inc. Financial Statements December 31, 20X2

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Appendix A - Cost of goods sold

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of See Dog Kayak inc.

I have audited the balance sheet of See Dog Kayak inc. as at December 31, 20X2 and the income statement, the statement of retained earnings and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at December 31, 20X2 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Kid KODAK, CA

Chartered Accountant

Ottawa February 28, 20X3

Income Stateme Year ended December	<u>2</u>		
	20X2		20X1
SALES	\$ 300,000	\$	100,000
COST OF GOOD SOLD (Appendix A)	150,000		50,000
GROSS PROFIT	 150,000		50,000
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Advertising and promotion	5,000		4,000
Amortization	8,450		3,700
Bad debts	2,500		500
Insurance	3,600		3,200
Interest and bank charges	7,800		3,850
Licences and permits	500		500
Office rent and utilities	12,000		5,000
Office supplies and stationery	2,000		2,000
Professional fees	2,000		2,000
Salaries	75,000		15,000
Telephone and telecommunications	 2,500		2,500
	 121,350		42,250
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	28,650		7,750
Income Tax Expense (note 11)	 	. –	
NET INCOME	\$ 28,650	\$	7,750

See Dog Kayak inc.

	See Dog Kayak inc. Statement of Retained Earnin Year ended December 31, 20	-			
			20X2		20X1
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF Y	EAR	\$	6,500	\$	(1,250)
NET INCOME		_	28,650	-	7,750
			35,150		6,500
DIVIDENDS			(5,000)		
		_		-	
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		\$ _	30,150	\$	6,500

See Dog Kayak inc. Balance Sheet As at December 31, 20X2

		20X2		20X1
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	3,050	\$	3,450
Accounts receivable (note 3)		61,750		14,250
Inventories		50,000		30,000
Prepaid expenses		600		600
		115,400		48,300
Investments (note 4)		21,000		1,000
Capital assets (note 5)		29,250		22,500
Deferred charges (note 6)		1,500		1,700
	\$	167,150	_ \$	73,500
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Bank loan (note 7)	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		32,000		12,000
Current portion of long-term debt				20,000
		42,000		42,000
Long-term debt (note 8)		85,000		15,000
		127,000		57,000
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital (note 9)		10,000		10,000
Retained earnings		30,150		6,500
	_	40,150		16,500
	\$	167,150	\$	73,500

<u>See Dog Kayak inc.</u> <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> <u>Year ended December 31, 20X2</u>

	20X2	20X1
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 28,650	\$ 7,750
Items not requiring an outlay of funds		
Amortization	8,450	3,700
Changes in non-cash working capital		
Accounts receivable	(47,500)	(9,500)
Inventories	(20,000)	(25,000)
Prepaid expenses		(400)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	20,000	 5,000
	 (10,400)	 (18,450)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of capital assets	(15,000)	(25,000)
Payments for investments	(20,000)	
	(35,000)	(25,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends paid	(5,000)	
Proceeds from long-term debt	70,000	20,000
Repayments of long-term debt	(20,000)	
	 45,000	 20,000
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(400)	(23,450)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,450	 26,900
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,050	\$ 3,450

1. STATUTES OF INCORPORATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

See Dog Kayak inc. (the Company) was incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* on June 30, 20X0. It distributes sea kayaks and related equipment.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and reflect the following policies:

Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from product sales upon shipment if a signed customer contract exists, customer accepts the goods, and collection of the resulting receivable is probable.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and replacement cost, the cost being determined using the first in, first out method.

Investments

Investments are accounted for at cost.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided annually at the following rates calculated to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives:

Automotive	30%	declining balance
Computer equipment	30%	declining balance
Office equipment	20%	declining balance

In the year of acquisition, one half of the rate is used.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	20X2		20X1
Trade	\$ 65,000	\$	15,000
Allowance for doubtful accounts	 (3,250)	_	(750)
	\$ 61,750	\$	14,250
INVESTMENTS			
	20X2		20X1
Shares in Fun Kayaks Ltd. (market value \$ 22 000)	\$ 20,000	\$	
Investment in Sport Equipment Co-op inc.	 1,000	_	1,000
	\$ 21,000	\$	1,000

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

4.

					20X2		20X1
	_	Cost	Accumulated amortization		Net be	ook v	value
Automotive	\$	20,000 \$	(8,100)	\$	11,900	\$	17,000
Computer equipment		15,000	(2,250)		12,750		
Office equipment	_	5,000	(1,400)		3,600		4,500
	_	40,000	(11,750)		28,250	. –	21,500
Land		1,000		_	1,000		1,000
	\$	41,000 \$	(11,750)	\$	29,250	\$	22, 500

6. DEFERRED CHARGES

Deferred charges are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over a period of ten years.

		20X2		20X1
Organization expense	\$	2,000	\$	2,000
Accumulated amortization	_	(500)	_	(300)
Net book value	\$	1,500	\$	1,700

7. BANK LOAN

The bank loan is secured by accounts receivable and inventories. The bank loan is due on demand and bears interest at 1% over the bank prime rate.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

	20X2	20X1
Loan, repayable at maturity, maturing September 30, 20X9, \$ interest at 13%, secured by the company's capital assets	50,000 \$	20,000
Due to a director, without interest or fixed repayment conditions	35,000	15,000
	85,000	35,000
Current portion		(20,000)
\$	85,000 \$	15,000

9. SHARE CAPITAL

 Authorized Unlimited number of Class A shares without par value, participating and voting Unlimited number of Class B shares without par value, non-participating and voting, with a cumulative dividend of 10% Unlimited number of Class C shares without par value, non-participating and non-voting, with a non-cumulative dividend of 8% 		
	20X2	20X1
Issued		
5,000 class A shares	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
5,000 class B shares	 5,000	 5,000
	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company's financial instruments consists of cash, accounts receivable, bank loan, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and debt. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the company is not exposed to significant interest, currency, or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

11. INCOME TAXES

The company is exempt of income taxes for the first three years of its existence.

The company can carry forward losses totalling \$1,250 for income tax purposes. The expiration date for using these losses to reduce income taxes is in 20X7.

12. CONTINGENCIES

During the year, a former client instituted proceedings in the amount of \$100,000 against the company for damages allegedly incurred using company's products. The company has contested this claim and, in the opinion of its legal counsel, the lawsuit is groundless. Neither the possible outcome nor the amount of possible settlement can be foreseen. Therefore, no provision has been made in the financial statements.

13. COMMITMENTS

The company leases its premises for \$750 per month. The lease expires in June 30, 20X4. Future minimum lease payments will aggregate \$13,500 including the following payment over the next 2 years: 20X3, \$9,000; 20X4 \$4,500. Additional amounts may be payable in respect of percentage-of-sales clauses in the lease.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 15, 20X3, the company made an offer to purchase land near the existing one. The land is valued at \$25,000.

15. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain figures for 20X1 have been reclassified to make their presentation identical to that adopted in 20X2.

APPENDIX A

<u>See Dog Kayak inc.</u> <u>Cost of goods sold</u> <u>Year ended December 31, 20X2</u>					
		20X2	20X1		
INVENTORIES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	30,000 \$	5,000		
PURCHASES		170,000	75,000		
COST OF GOODS AVAILABLE FOR SALE		200,000	80,000		
INVENTORIES, END OF YEAR		(50,000)	(30,000)		
COST OF GOODS SOLD	\$	150,000 \$	50,000		